NEW ENGLAND GALAXY.

A MAP OF BUSY LIFE, ITS FLUCTUATIONS, AND ITS VAST CONCERNS.—*Cowper.*

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ORIGINAL.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW ENGLAND GALAXY.

THE WEDDING-DRESS AND WINDING SHEET.

A beautiful girl on the point of marriage died suddenly. Hardly half an hour had elapsed after the arrival of her coffin when her Wedding-Dress was sent home.

"I thought thy bride-bed to have decked, fair maid! and not have strewed thy grave!"

Ay! side by side they lay,
Her wedding-dress,—her winding sheet!
The death-shroud and the bride-array,
In fearful contrast, meet!

The rose—the pale, pure rose!
The flower, she fondly thought to wear,
The flower for maiden fancy chose,
Like her, lies withering there!

Ah! in her bridal-hour,
How meet, amid that braided hair,
To smile,—the young and stainless flower!
Why lies it withering there!

The veil,—the snowy veil!
Its shining folds fall gracefully;
In vain! the youthful cheek is pale,
And closed the timid eye!

How soft, its richness through,
Had glanced her glowing, modest brow,
Like rose-bloom, seen in silver dew!
Why falls it idle now?

A veil, that ne'er will rise,
Must close above that idol-form,—
Not over bright and speaking eyes,
Not over blushes warm!

Fearful and dark and cold,
That veil o'er breathless clay shall fall,
With dread, but unresisted fold,
The coffin and the pall!

Yet to the eye of Faith,
Not wholly unillumined they,
No! fairer seems the shroud of death,
Than even the bride-array!

To earthly sorrow, *this*
Earth's trembling blossom had betrayed;
That is the herald of a bliss,
That may not fleet or fade!

Mourner! that herald bless!
The loved,—the lost,—the found,—forgiven!
More radiant, than her bridal-dress,
Her angel-robe, in Heaven!

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW ENGLAND GALAXY.

THE WITCH OF NAUMKEAG.

BY SARAH M. LEVERETT—OF MANCHESTER, (VT.)

"Awful times these, William Pierson; the power of the Evil One waxeth strong in the land, and I fear that we are given over for a time at least, to the buffetings of Satan. You have heard the strange rumors respecting that unhappy woman, Margaret Ellis, no doubt, but may not have seen, like me, the effects of her diabolical witchcraft. But, if I am not mistaken, you are one of those infatuated youths who were so taken with the outward comeliness of the daughter of this child of the serpent. I hope young man you have been wise in time, and careful to flee from the wiles of these children of darkness."

So spoke Deacon Solomon Shemingway, as he was walking towards his home at night-fall, in the streets of the good town of Naumkeag, now called Salem.—The person to whom he addressed his forebodings and exhortation, was a young man of about twenty six, though from his very prominent and deeply marked features, together with an habitual expression of gravity and solemnity, one would have given him credit for at least five more years. He was tall and remarkably slender, with a dark complexion, and eyes generally downcast and averted, but when raised, so dark and flashing, with so peculiar and unpleasant expression, that no one regretted their being usually hidden under his drooping lids, and long dark lashes. He wore his hair cut close and high from his ears, testifying thereby, that he belonged to that class most disrespectfully yclept 'crop-eared.' His answer to the good Deacon's harangue was short, and delivered in a low, suppressed voice, but the import of it appeared to be perfectly satisfactory to his hearer's mind. It would seem to be of a disclaiming nature, by the reply of the Deacon, who said: 'Indeed William, I am glad to find that you are not wanting in that becoming degree of prudence and forethought, for which you have always stood so high in the opinion of not only me, but many other of our bretheren, and which alas! is so much wanting in our young men and damsels.'

The good Deacon proceeded to bewail and lament the levity and indiscretion of the degenerate youth of his time, much to his own satisfaction and edification, no doubt, but whether it produced an equally beneficial effect on the mind of his hearer, remains to be proved. As they passed along they met many persons, most of them like themselves, going towards their own domicils as was the custom of the staid citizens of Naumkeag in those days of sobriety and early hours, when men and women slept in the night, and walked abroad in the day time; made their suppers on hominy and milk, instead of spiced oysters and champagne and went to bed with clear heads and healthy bodies, instead of fuddled brains and dyspeptic stomachs.—But to our story. The whole town seemed to be alive with some important news or occurrence, and knots of people were here and there discussing what appeared an exceedingly interesting matter and which excited looks of wonder and detestation. Poor Widow Ellis, 'the infernal witch,' and 'rib of Satan,' as she was most unceremoniously called, seemed to be the sole subject of these conversations; and the alarming extent of her power, with the various effects and wonders it had produced, were recounted and expatiated upon, till raised hands and uplifted eyes could but half express the horror and abhorrence of the hearers. Deacon Solomon Shemingway and his companion slowly made their way along the streets, the good Deacon occasionally pausing a little, to shake his head, and throw in a remark of admonition and warning. At length they reached the door of a small, and what was then called extremely respectable dwelling and the Deacon bidding the young man 'good even;' walked into the house with the air of a man who had the comfortable consciousness that no other person had quite so good a right there as himself.

Taking off his hat (none of the little brimless things of the present day, so called,) and seating himself in a large arm chair, he said—'Mistress Shemingway, though our great enemy seems to be gaining ground over the misguided souls of many, we must, notwithstanding provide for the support of our bodies, and I wish that you would accordingly make all the speed which is convenient for the refreshment of mine, as I am led to opine that the preservation of that in a healthy and sound state, will most effectually enable me to withstand all the assaults of the devil or his agents.' Mrs Shemingway, long before this ample preface was brought to a close, had bestled about, and placed within the good man's reach, a large bowl containing about two quarts, and a pitcher holding a quantity of rich milk, sufficient to supply it; with these she also placed before the Deacon, a large dish of broken corn, or what was commonly called hominy.' After duly measuring the quantity of milk and hominy with his eye, and apparently striving to apply the latter to the milk, in such a proportion that both would come to an end at the same time, he proceeded to the rapid and silent despatch of this most delicious dish, and such was the good Deacon's want of judgment in the matter of quantities, whether by accident or design, that he had eaten for some time with great industry, and until the contents of both pitcher and dish were transferred to other quarters, before he could accomplish his design. After having comfortably acquitted himself of this duty, he opened a communication with the good dame, by mentioning some of the rumors he had heard respecting the Widow Ellis, and remarking at length on the awful increase of witchcraft among the new settlers. He soon found that all the information which he had procured upon the subject, was but a drop in the bucket in comparison of the budget of facts, opinions, fears, and prophecies, which the lady had collected during his absence; and although he now and then said something in a cautioning tone about giving too much heed to 'old wives' fables,' &c he seemed quite willing to hear all that Mrs S. was so ready to communicate.

But while the Deacon and his good dame are thus pleasantly employed, let us walk out again gentle reader, into the quiet streets of primitive Naumkeag, and pursue our way by the bright light of the harvest moon which is throwing its soft rays over the still streets, and over the calm waters of the sea, until we reach a small weather-stained house, situated in a retired part of the town. There, taking advantage of the moonlight, and the opportunity afforded by the low uncurtained window, we will take a peep at the scene within. On one side of the fire, seated in a large arm-chair, was an old woman, in very truth the same Dame Ellis who was the subject of so many dark, suspicious and heavy accusations. Her outward woman, I must acknowledge, was such as would not at least tend to contradict any reports concerning an undue intimacy with the Great Enemy. She was little, thin, wrinkled and old—every one necessary qualities—had dark, piercing eyes, and that sociability of nose and chin, which were considered as the almost necessary accompaniments of a witch, and moreover when she went abroad, which was seldom the case, except on Sunday, (strange taste for a witch!) she wore a red cloak that had been lately discovered to possess the peculiar air and hue of one of those standing coverings of Satan's playmates. Though the old lady's features were sharp and wrinkled, I think an unprejudiced spectator would have seen nothing remarkable in the expression of her face, unless it was rather an unusual degree of care and suffering. Near her, on a low stool sat a girl, who though young and beautiful, still bore so striking a resemblance to the older woman, that no one could mistake their relationship. She had a light, airy figure, and delicate features which now rounded by youth and health, were still finely and sharply cut like her mother's. These were set off by the most pure and lovely complexion, the sweetest smile and gentle expression of any lass in all Naumkeag. But around her face, too, there was at present a shade of sadness, which was rendered almost affecting by the tender and affectionate anxiety she displayed to cheer and comfort her mother, who seemed to be overwhelmed in some deep affliction. 'Dear Mother,' said Esther, 'do not afflict yourself thus; tho' man seems against us, remember, dearest mother, that God is with the innocent—that he will never desert them who trust in him; that he has promised he will be a father to the fatherless, and the widow's God.—Surely, we have no cause to fear, when He who ordereth all things takes note of us. Let us not for a moment distrust his goodness, and oh, let us not deserve by our want of faith, that desertion of his care, for which we are directed to look.' While she said this, she held her mother's wrinkled hand in her's, and looked up into her face with such an expression of earnest appeal, and her whole frame animated with such sweet faith and confidence, and glowing with beauty and innocence, that the old lady could not but be comforted, however dark and gloomy were her forebodings. Clasping the dear girl to her heart, and fondly patting her fair head, and separating the rich curls of brown hair on her forehead, she said—'Esther my child, I thank God that he has not left me comfortless, but has spared you to me; my sweet child, amid all my sufferings, I have yet a mother's joy in you. Esther, I can bear poverty and hardship. I have borne losses such as few are called to meet even in this world of disappointment—yes, loss of friends, husband, children, all that the heart holds dear on earth: these things I have borne, and I trust with some degree of patience and submission—but now Esther, now that I am just dropping into the grave, now that my troubles in this life were drawing to a close, it is hard my child to have my fair name tarnished, and so tarnished! to be called a witch! an agent and emissary of the Evil One! to be branded with a crime (if indeed such a crime exists) that is too horrid, too unnatural to be even mentioned! Grant me patience, merciful Heaven, and enable me to bear this trial as a Christian should!' For a long time did the mother and daughter continue their conversation, and sweet indeed was it to see how completely all consideration of self, all fear for the future, and anxiety for her own fate and prospects, were lost in the poor girl's earnest endeavor to comfort and cheer her drooping parent.

But we will now go back a little, and give a short history of Mrs Ellis, and explain to our readers the occasion of her being accused of so detestable a crime as she was now charged with. Mrs Ellis was born in Bedfordshire, England, and at a very early age, contrary to her father's consent, married a young man of her own standing in life, named Edward Laurence.—There was nothing in the young man, at all exceptionable, but her father, an honest, headstrong, obstinate, genuine son of John Bull, on account of some prejudice accidentally imbibed against him, forbid the union of the young couple, and the consequence was, as it often is under such circumstances, the young folks ran away and were married without his consent.—Nothing could afterwards soften his resentment, and although Edward Lawrence and his wife were poor, industrious, and unfortunate, he could not be prevailed upon to revoke the curse he pronounced upon them on the first news of their marriage. Many promising children were taken from them by death, one after another, their cattle died, and misfortunes fell thick and fast upon them, but still the old man's heart was like stone to them, but kind and charitable to all others. Not until Edward himself died, and left his wife and infant daughter dependent on the world's cold charity, did the old gentleman relent; then upon the agonizing entreaties of his daughter, that he would withdraw that terrible curse which had seemed to hang like a blight upon them, did he indeed withdraw it, but upon the condition, only, that she would resume her maiden name, and drop that of her husband, which from long indulged hatred, he could not endure. These were hard terms for the poor widow, who through all their sorrow had dearly loved her husband, and still fondly clung to his name and memory. But oh! that curse—a *father's* curse—how could she endure it? and at last the poor heart-broken and bereaved woman, resigned the long cherished name of her husband, and was again, in name at least, Margaret Ellis. Soon after this, her father died, and taking the scanty patrimony left her by him, she sailed with her infant daughter, the little Esther, for America, hoping to find in that resort of the afflicted, a peaceful home for her declining years, and to escape from scenes which constantly filled her with the sad recollections of the past. She fled, upon her first landing, proceeded to the settlement on Connecticut River, then recently established, expecting there to find some remaining there several years, she at last settled in Naumkeag. She had educated the little Esther in such habits of industry and neatness, and with so much care and attention, that, added to her natural beauty and delicacy, gave a charm to the humble little girl, which many a fair damsel with far higher pretensions, would wish for in vain. Esther had many admirers, the most prominent of whom were William Pierson, the young man mentioned in the commencement of my story, and Robert Manning, (the favoured and accepted lover) the only son and child of one of their neighbors, who, not many years before, after losing his wife, removed from the mother country, and settled in Naumkeag. He had given his sanction to the marriage of the young couple, and had recently distinguished Esther and her mother, by testifying more pleasure in their company, than he had heretofore shown in any other, for old Mr Manning was a solitary and peculiar man, and mingled but little in the society of the settlement. But this tranquil state of things was soon disturbed; he one day abruptly left the house of Mrs Ellis, and upon returning to his own, sternly and decidedly forbade his son to have any farther thoughts of his connexion with Esther.

In the greatest astonishment, Robert anxiously enquired of his father the reason of his sudden and unaccountable prohibition, and the occasion of his present agitation, but a repetition of the command, was the only answer. Robert remonstrated, entreated, pleaded with him at least to give him a reason for such cruel desertion, which, by the by, he had no idea of making, but to no avail; at last no longer able to bear the grief and suspense, he went to seek Esther, to obtain from her if possible, some clue to his father's strange conduct. She informed him that while making that day one of his usual friendly visits, her mother upon relating some parts of her former life mentioned that her own, and Esther's name was Lawrence. Ellis being only assumed in obedience to a dying father's commands; he immediately started up with a look of extreme horror and astonishment, exclaiming 'Laurence! Laurence, of Bedfordshire, did you say?' and without assigning any reason for such strange behavior, rushed from the house. Many were the conjectures of the lovers respecting the unaccountable change in old Manning's feelings, and sad were the lamentations over their own darkened prospects, for the wedding day was near, and the anticipations of their approaching happiness were quite as vivid as is usual on such occasions. Robert, who was of a hasty and impetuous temper proposed (in case his father did not relent,) a private and immediate marriage, but Esther would not listen a moment to this proposal. 'No, Robert,' said she, 'if I am not your wife, no living man's wife will I ever be, but yours I will *not* be against your father's consent. My poor mother's history is too sad and close a warning for her daughter to neglect.' Robert Manning went home with a heart unschooled to patience by disappointment, and any thing but resigned to the heavy and unexpected load of affliction thus brought upon him. All the explanation that he could in any way draw from his father, was that Mrs Ellis's husband, and Esther's father had been his deadly foe, and most cruel enemy; that he had given him a wound which ages could not heal, and that, as Robert valued his blessing he must henceforth drop all connexion with Esther. These were hard conditions for a young man who had all his life been the sole object of a widowed father's love, and after wandering about like a ghost for some time, Robert Manning was suddenly missing. Search was made, and enquiries followed one another closely, and anxiously from his afflicted father, but without effect—and in a few mornings after Robert's disappearance, Mr Manning's house was observed to be closed, and the old gentleman was no longer seen taking his usual walk around the town, nor were there any signs of life and motion about the deserted dwelling. All these circumstances, unexplained and little understood by the inhabitants of Naumkeag, created, as may be supposed, wonder without bounds, and curiosity, craving and unsatisfied. All the gossips of the place, male and female, immediately hit upon *witchcraft*, as the only means of unravelling the mystery, and as Mrs Ellis was old, infirm and unfortunate, and moreover lived retired and alone, the superstitious people of the town began to suspect that she was 'uncanny.' Before this suspicion was scarcely breathed, it was seized upon with avidity by William Pierson, Esther's unsuccessful suitor, and by means of his well-timed insinuations and artful suggestions, soon gained ground and belief. The inhabitants of Naumkeag thoroughly imbued (as were all the inhabitants of New England in the seventeenth century,) with the grossest superstition, and particularly alive at this time on the subject of witchcraft, on many of whose supposed workers they had recently inflicted the most cruel tortures, and even death itself, were soon possessed with the unhesitating belief that poor Dame Ellis was indeed a 'witch,' 'a limb of Satan,' an 'emissary of the Evil One'; nor were her blameless life and gentle manners, the least shield against the cruel and foolish attack of an excited people. At a hint from William Pierson (who had privately, and in his secret soul vowed eternal revenge against Esther,) the mysterious conduct, and subsequent disappearance of Robert Manning, were attributed to her agency, and in correspondence with this belief, every accident or misfortune which befel the inhabitants of Naumkeag, was traced to the wicked influence of Dame Ellis. Not a cow could die, a pig sicken, or a child become refractory through the mismanagement of its mother, but poor Dame Ellis, incredible as it may appear, was seriously believed to have worked the mischief. All this came to the poor widow who had fled to the new world, as to an asylum from sorrow and persecution, with the stunning effect of a thunder clap. What had supported Mrs Ellis during all her former trials and struggles? her father's [illegible] husband's and children's loss? and what [illegible] hoped [illegible] on her? what [illegible] support her but the power of Him who [illegible] mercy [illegible] both [illegible] to think [illegible] never [illegible] doeness [illegible] Almighty.

At [illegible] the poor widow was taken up, tried and condemned [illegible] a witch; pronounced guilty of acting against [illegible] good of her neighbors by means of fearful [illegible] with the Prince of Darkness, and sentenced [illegible] be hung as a witch, by the poor misguided, [illegible] inhabitants of Naumkeag, who had themselves [illegible] the perils of the ocean, and the unknown [illegible] of the wilderness to enjoy in the New World [illegible] liberty and peace! A few days of awful anxiety [illegible] passed by the mother and daughter before the [illegible] for the execution of the sentence arrived. They [illegible] not, they could not believe, that He who was the God of Justice and Mercy, would suffer this cruelty against humanity to be performed, and trusting confidently, did they wait in patient faith [illegible] [illegible] the day appointed for the execution at length arrived. Not a ray of light was seen in the darkened horizon of the stricken woman;—not a glimmering hope of relief, beamed upon her almost blighted vision. Esther and her mother sat alone in their sorrow; the aged woman almost stupified with the awful prospect advancing so rapidly upon her, and Esther, poor Esther, sitting with her mother's head supported on her breast, her hand clasped in hers, the very picture of agony. Pale as a marble statue, and as motionless, did she sit for hours, looking alternately in her mother's face, and then up to Heaven, and occasionally with a choked utterance, and livid lips gasping out—'Mother, we will die together!' The hour appointed for the execution of the sentence at length arrived, and the poor woman with Esther clinging to her arm, was led forth, unresisting and passive to receive her doom.

As the crowd assembled thick and fast, every face wearing a more than usual degree of solemnity, a man came pushing through the gazers, and exclaimed,—'Fools! madmen! what would ye do? would ye sacrifice to your senseless folly, a poor creature who has no crime but misfortune? one loaded down already with age and sorrow? O God! if I had been but a moment later, what might not these misguided creatures have had to answer for. Hear me citizens of Naumkeag, and then say if you will condemn the poor sufferer now before you. My son Robert Manning, with my full consent and approbation, was engaged to marry her who is called Esther Ellis. Never did my eye see aught in Esther Ellis, that a father's eye might not approve. But I learned that her name was not Ellis, but Lawrence—the name I am bound to hate as being that of my earliest, my deadly, my *only* foe—and I thought *that* enemy was her father! In my haste and horror, I mistook, I misapprehended, and I have since learned that the man who once struck such a blow to my heart, was not Esther's father, but her uncle. O, how grateful to a father's heart to find that not true, which had caused almost the madness of an only son! Do ye now think that she occasioned the mystery which surrounded our conduct? that because a few trifling losses came upon you she brought the evil, who never did aught but good to her fellow creatures? that because she was old, and poor, and unfortunate, she needed this act of cruelty to fill up the measure of her sorrow? Foolish men, learn wisdom, and think not that the Almighty acts by such means to accomplish his ends. My son is found—and is here to refute your charges against this suffering woman. Go back to your homes, and ere you again charge another with such a crime, examine if your own hearts are not given over to Satan, and your own actions are not under his dominion.'

Slowly and silently did the people of Naumkeag return to their homes, wondering in their hearts, whether they had not been too hasty in their judgment. Happy, though solemn, were the faces of the group consisting of the widow and her daughter, supported by Robert Manning and his father, as they passed along to their dwellings; and still more cautious was the shake of good Deacon Solomon Shemingway's head, as he observed to his wife to remember in future his advice concerning giving 'too much heed to old wives' fables!'

MISCELLANY.

SNUFF.

In the Liverpool Standard of July 15 we find the following, purporting to be translated from an Italian poem on Tobacco:

What a moment! what a doubt!
All my nose, inside and out,
All my thrilling, tickling, caustic,
Pyramid rhinocerostic,
Wants to sneeze, and cannot do it—
Now it yearns me, thrills me, stings me,
Now with rapturous torment wrings me,
Now says "sneeze you fool, get through it!"
Shee—shee—Oh, tis most del-ish!
Ishi—ishi,—most del-ishi—
(Hang it, I shall sneeze till spring)
Snuff's a most delicious thing.

[From the London New Monthly.]

AN ESSAY ON WONDERING.

I wonder what sort of a place this world would be, if we had nothing to wonder at. I do not at all approve of the *nil admirari* system; for we cannot help wondering; and if we attempt to avoid it, we are sure to fail. Nay, if a man, by any effort of mind, has arrived at that pitch of perfection as to wonder at nothing, he must, of course wonder at himself that he is so much superior to the rest of the world. But show me the man who never wonders, and I will show you the man who never thinks. Every thing was made to be wondered at, and we were made to wonder at every thing. Asses never wonder; they take every thing for granted and so em to be complete fatalists. They receive the cudgel as patiently as if it were predestined and essential to the harmony of the universe. We intellectual folk, who are not asses, investigate, think, wonder, and cease to wonder; but we have no sooner ceased to wonder at one thing than we begin to wonder at another.

I am willing to grant that there is nothing new under the sun: but, for all that, we live in a very wonderful world, and are constantly surrounded by a world of wonders. In good sooth, I am inclined to think that every thing is wonderful, and that the greatest wonder in the world would be to find any thing not wonderful. We can scarcely take up a newspaper without finding something wonderful—such as a wonderful turnip, six feet in circumference; or a wonderful primrose, in a wonderful garden, in consequence of the wonderful mild weather. I remember that when I was at school my master used to wonder at my ignorance that I should dare to disobey, in any one particular, his high behests; and I in turn, used to wonder at him for wondering at me; so I had my revenge in retaliation, wonder for wonder—tit for tat—only I did not tell him of my wonder: I kept that to myself; and I verily believe now I come to think of it, that my wonder was about the sincerest of the two. If you wish to write an essay, delegate a conversation and are at a loss for something to write or talk about, only write or say 'I wonder,' and something will be sure to follow.

Wonder is the peculiar faculty and privilege of human and intellectual beings. I have said above that asses do not wonder—they have not wit enough. I was going to say that wondering may be applied as a distinctive epithet of the human species, and that Plato might have extended his definition by this addition; but I fear I should be wrong. Plato, you must know defined man as a featherless biped; upon which Diogenes, who was what the world calls a wicked wag, stripped the feathers from a poor, unfortunate bantam-cock, and exultingly exclaimed. 'There is Plato's man!' Now, if Plato, in order to render his definition more definite, had defined man to be a wondering, featherless biped, Diogenes would still have been down upon him saying, 'Look at Plato's man—a featherless biped, *wondering* what has become of his feathers!'

If however, wondering be not altogether and exclusively confined to the human species, it exists among them in its greatest perfection and delightful fulness. It is by wondering that we are kept awake all day. When cats and dogs have had their dinner they go to sleep; but man keeps awake, wondering how he can find to dream about that they sleep so much. Man wonders at all he sees and all he hears. He wonders at the past and at the present and he wonders at the future. He wonders backwards and forwards, and upwards and downwards, and all round about. He wonders at himself, and he wonders at his neighbors. He wonders at man's folly, and at man's wisdom. He wonders that he knows so much, and he wonders that he knows so little.—He wonders at the regularity of the material world and he wonders at the regularity of the moral world. He wonders at the regular return of the seasons, and he wonders at the infinite variety of them. Because he wonders, he seeks for knowledge that his wonder may abate; and yet the more he learns, and the more he knows, the more does his wonder increase. We do now and then meet with a poor witless ignorant, who says, with a marvelously wise look, 'I have learned to wonder at nothing.'

Now, with all due deference to this Master Wiseacre we are compelled to say, that this very speech is a proof that he wonders at every thing. For how has he learned to cease from wonder? By what process has he been led to leave off, or to fancy that he has left off, wondering? Why, simply because he has been so bothered and perplexed by the wonders around him, that he has ceased from thinking at all.—He could see nothing which did not excite his wonder, and therefore has shut his mind's eye that he may cease from his perplexity. This ceasing to wonder is, therefore, mere talk. Thought itself is wonder. The more a man thinks, the more he wonders. Wonders increase in a geometrical ratio; the solution of one is the creation of two.—The very beauty of wonder is our utter inextricability from it. Existence itself, which seems to the simplest idea in the world, is an inscrutable wonder; and non-existence is a greater wonder.—To be, is marvellous; and not to be, is more marvellous still. But we must not be metaphysical; and yet how can we avoid metaphysics when we are discoursing on wonders, for metaphysics of all things are the most wonderful. They are wonderful, because it is a wonder that, for so many centuries, so many books on the subject should have been read and written, and nobody should be a bit the wiser for them: and yet it would be more wonderful still, if people should have been wiser for books of metaphysics. It is wonderful that so many volumes of metaphysics should have been written; and it is more wonderful that they should have been read. We are sometimes wondering that the study of metaphysics should be out of fashion; and then again we wonder that it should ever have been in fashion. One cannot help wondering what the metaphysicians were about when they wrote such books; and one wonders whether they expected that their books would ever be read. Indeed the world of letters is as full of wonders as any part of the universe. We wonder how people can find materials for writing so many books; and we wonder how the world can find patience to read some of them, and we wonder how the world can find money to buy them withal.—To live without wondering is something like attempting to live without breathing; for is not wonder the breath of our intellectual life? It is said that extremes meet; and in this matter they certainly do, for if it were a supposable case that any mind could actually cease to wonder by surpassing all its difficulties, unravelling all its perplexities and rising above all its clouds, fogs, and obscurities, it would have no motive to think, and its mental powers would be even as no mind at all.

Truly, the most wonderful of all things is, that men are miserable because they cannot get rid of that which constitutes their happiness. Does not this last sentence sound like a most impudent paradox? Yet it is true as truth itself. It is true of every part of our being, and of every interest in life. We are miserable because we cannot get rid of our pains, sorrows, cares and disappointments; and yet the very happiness of our lives, the very delightfulness of our being consists in the ease which follows pain, in the joy which contrasts with sorrow, in the alleviation of our cares, and in the successes which so brightly and so beautifully alternate with our disappointments. We wish to have no pains, no sorrows, no cares, no disappointments; and what would life be without them? Even so it is with the wonders that perplex and bewilder the understanding, baffeting the mind different ways—now driving it to doubt, and now fixing it in faith. The ambitious and aspiring genius, which having learned its A. B. C, about ten minutes before its usual time, and having by its own unprompted sagacity discovered that the best way of seeing through a millstone is to look through the hole in the middle of it, thinks itself born to solve all perplexities, and rise to an empyrean height of intellectual glory,—feels sadly disappointed that any mysteries should remain in nature, and that any knowledge should be above its reach, forgetting that the very use of mind is to grapple with difficulties, and that our knowledge would not be worth a straw were it not for our ignorance. Mind is of no use when it has ceased to wonder, even as life is of no use when its struggles are all over. All the charm and interest of reading consists in wondering what will come next. And as they who have no troubles made for them will be sure to make some for themselves; so they, if there could be any such, who could find no intellectual perplexities in nature, would be desirous of making some intellectual knots for themselves, in order that they might have the pleasure of untying them. In fact we are so exceedingly fond of wondering, that we would go miles and miles to see anything wonderful—not that we need go far for that matter, seeing that we are surrounded with wonders: but let that pass—we are never so completely and heartily attracted by any thing as by the cry of wonder. All the world ran wondering after the learned pig, forgetting, however, that it was equally wonderful that one pig was not as learned as the other.—The title of Wonderful Magazine did wonders for a periodical some years ago;—but shall it be said that of late years we are all grown wiser, and that we do not now run after such trash and trumpery as learned pigs and wonderful magazines; the truth is, that we are as fond of wonders as ever, only as the extraordinary has ceased to excite us from its novelty, we are intent upon universal knowledge of the ordinary, that we may find food of our wonder in that which is common and quotidian. We are all wondering—some a-ourselves and some at our neighbors. We are wondering at the march of intellect, but we are also wondering at the heavy baggage of ignorance which hovers and hangs in his rear. We wonder how any one can be content to remain in ignorance; we wonder that people should give themselves so much trouble to acquire knowledge, which knowledge, after all, teaches them little more than their own ignorance—as the increase of lights, in a boundless cavern of darkness, only serves the more effectually to show how great that darkness is.

[From the West India Sketch Book.]

SKETCH OF A SAILOR.

'By the simplicity of Venus' Dove.'

——Captain Dove was so devoted to his Venus, night and day during the gale, as if it had been the period of her accouchement. He occasionally seated himself on a cherry-tree chair, which was fastened to the weather side of the quarter-deck, and,

'With replenish'd pipe, and oft repeated draughts,
He'd watch the motions of his ocean queen.'

'That's right, my little beauty,' he would say, as she raised her head high on the buoyant waves; and then addressing the helmsman, as she descended into the trough, 'mind your weatherbeam now—o-o-o-ho, there's right—there she goes like a duck, bless her little heart—boy a glass of gin and water—meet her again—there—just let her go her own way, only ease her now and then—don't gripe her—she'll go like a race-horse, if you let her alone, but she kicks if you give her a spoke too much—firecastle, there!—take a pull of the foresheet—mind what your'e about—don't yaw her about so—treat her kindly can't you?—you may do any thing with her with kindness: how's her head now?' 'Norwest and by west,' replied the helmsman. 'Well done, my little darling—she's the prettiest ship that ever came out of the kingdom—boy, a glass of gin and water!' Really sailors are a very odd sort of men, their aquatic habits engraft upon them peculiarities which never fail to distinguish them from the rest of mankind: the howling of the tempest affects not them; they take their watch, and sleep in their coffin more soundly, rocked by the buoyant billows with Death for a bedfellow—a plank only between them, than a prince on a bed of down. Their benevolence and kindly feelings are proverbial; superinduced probably by a mutual dependences upon each other, by a companionship in fortune and in peril, whence their virtues and their foibles, and their sympathies, become interfused; and the little community in which they are accustomed to move, assumes more the character of a large family, than of a society composed of all the discordant elements which mark communities in general.

THE WORM OF LAMBTON.

AS HE BECAME THE DRAGON.

The young heir of Lambton led a thoughtless and wild course of life, equally regardless of the obligations of his high estate and the sacred duties of religion. According to his profane custom, he generally amused himself on Sundays by fishing, and was frequently to be seen angling in the river Wear, at the time when all good men should have been engaged in the solemn observance of the day.

After having toiled in vain for some time, he vented his disappointment at his ill success, in curses 'loud and deep,' to the great scandal of all who heard him, on their way to holy mass, and to the manifest peril of his own soul. At length he felt something extraordinary 'tugging' at the end of his line, and in the hope of hooking a large fish, he exerted the utmost skill and care: yet it required all his strength to bring the expected fish to land. But what was his surprise and mortification, when, instead of a fish, he found that he had only caught a worm, of most unseemly and disgusting appearance; and he hastily tore it from his his hook and flung it into a well hard by.

He again threw his line into the stream: when a stranger, of venerable appearance, passing by, asked 'What sport?' To which he replied, 'Why, truly, I think I have caught the d—l,' and directed the inquirer to look into the well.

The stranger saw the worm, and remarked that he had never seen 'the like of it' before—that it was like an eft; but that it had nine holes on each side of its mouth, and that it 'tokened no good.'

The worm remained 'unheeded' in the well, but soon grew so large that it became necessary to seek another abode. It usually lay in the day-time 'coiled' round a rock in the middle of the river, and at night frequented a neighboring hill, 'twining' itself around the base; and it continued to increase in length until it could 'lap' itself three times round the hill.

The dreaded worm now became the terror of the 'whole country side,' devouring lambs, 'sucking' the cows' milk, and committing every species of injury on the cattle of the affrighted peasantry, and many a knight sought in vain to destroy it.

At length, after seven long years, the gallant heir of Lambton returned from the wars, and found the broad lands of his ancestors 'waste and desolate.' He heard the 'wailings' of the people; for their hearts were filled with fear and alarm. He hastened to the hall of his ancestors, and received the embraces of his aged father, who wept out with grief and sorrow, both for the absence of his son (whom he had long considered dead) and for the dreadful waste inflicted on his fair domain by the devastations of the worm, was rapidly descending to the grave.

'The heir of Lambton' took no rest' until he crossed the river to examine the worm, 'as it lay' coiled around the base of the hill; and after hearing the fate of all those who had fallen in the deadly strife, (being a knight, of tried valor and sound discretion,) he consulted a sibyl on the surest means to destroy the monster. She told him that he had 'himself' been the cause of all the misery which 'afflicted' the country; (which increased his grief, and strengthened his resolution;) that he must have his best suit of mail studded with spear-blades, and take his stand on the rock in the middle of the river, trusting to his own valor and the might of his good sword; making a solemn vow, that if successful, he would slay the first living thing he met, but, if he failed to do so, *the lords of Lambton, for nine generations, would never die in their beds.*

He made the vow in the chapel of his forefathers, and caused his armor to be studded with the blades of the sharpest spears. He took his stand on the rock in the middle of the river, and unsheathing his trusty sword, which had never failed him in time of need, he commended himself to the protection and to the will of Providence.

At the accustomed hour the worm uncoiled its lengthened folds, and leaving the hill, took its usual course towards Lambton-hall, and approached the rock where the knight stood ready and eager for the combat. * * * * * *

The strength of the worm diminished with its incessant efforts to destroy the knight, who, seizing a favorable opportunity, made such good use of his trusty sword, that he cut the monster in two; the severed part was immediately carried away by the force of the current, and the worm being thus unable to re-unite itself, was, after a long and desperate conflict, finally destroyed by the gallantry and courage of the knight of Lambton.

The afflicted household were devoutly engaged in prayer during this mortal encounter; but on the happy issue of the combat, the knight, according to promise blew a blast on his bugle, to assure his father of his safety, and that he might let loose his favorite hound, which, according to preconcerted agreement, was to be the sacrifice; but the aged parent, forgetting everything but his parental feelings, rushed forward to embrace his son.

When the knight beheld his father, he was overwhelmed with grief; he could not raise his arm against his parent, yet, vainly hoping that his vow might be accomplished, and the curse averted, by destroying the next living thing he met, he blew another blast on his bugle, when his favorite hound broke loose, and bounded forward to receive his caresses.—The gallant knight, with 'grief and reluctance,' once more drew his sword, still rocking with the gore of the monster, and plunged it into the heart of his faithful companion. But in vain—the prediction was fulfilled, and the sibyl's curse pressed heavily on the house of Lambton *for nine generations.*

We must add to this how the prediction was traditionally confirmed. The precise date of the story is of course uncertain. It is stated by some that the heir of Lambton had gone to the holy wars; and there are circumstances preserved in the narrative difficult to reconcile, and which are evidently the interpolations of modern times. Popular tradition, though in general true in the main, is seldom correct in details, and the precise time when the event happened which gave birth to the legend, must be dated much earlier than the period assigned. Be this as it may, nine succeeding generations from Henry Lambton, of Lambton, Esquire, M. P. (elder brother to the late General Lambton,) would exactly reach to Sir John Lambton, Knight of Rhodes—and the popular tradition holds, that none of the lords of Lambton during the period of the 'curse' ever died in their beds. Sir William Lambton, who was colonel of a regiment of foot, in the service of Charles the first, was slain at the bloody battle of Marston Moor; and his son William, (his eldest son by his second wife,) inheriting the loyalty and gallantry of his father, 'received his death's wound at Wakefield,' at the head of a troop of dragoons, in 1643. The fulfilment of the curse was inherent in the tenth of descent, as above stated, and great anxiety prevailed during his lifetime among the hereditary depositaries of the traditions of the county, to know if the curse would 'hold good to the end.' He died in his chariot, crossing the New Bridge—thus giving the last concluding link to the chain of circumstantial tradition connected with the history of the 'Worm of Lambton.'

A wise man will listen, though not speaking.

A man is never sure of any thing in this world but being cheated.

COMMUNICATONS.

For the New England Galaxy.

THE JULIA OF MISS PELBY.

Oh! it is rashness to say that a Boston lady plays as well as a foreign actress, though the name of the latter be not Kemble! even to *our* fellow-citizens such a thing is impossible; and in the assertion they would imagine they saw the fire and brimstone of sacrilege; because—*she never crossed the seas!* Still, one cannot but have a whispering within, that cerulean skies, balmy airs, verdant plains, sunny landscapes, and all that is terrible or grand in nature can infuse that certain spirit so necessary to the *actor*, as the poet, equally as well on the west as on the east of the Atlantic. But perhaps there may be too much of that spirit;—as a sense of delight is palled by continued indulgence. If so, favored America must be very sterile of genius. But jesting aside. No actress pleases us more than Miss Pelby in the character of Julia, in the Hunchback. Much as the *defunct* Miss Kemble is lauded, in our opinion, the former, in parts of the character, is superior to the latter. In comparing their respective merits, we cannot but consider the amount of talent nearly equal. If Miss Pelby has not Miss Kemble's variety of action, she compensates by superiority, where the latter, according to her fame, should excel. If Miss Kemble has more flexibility of countenance, Miss Pelby's energy is greater. If Miss Pelby has not a voice—flute-like melodious—whose lowest note will fill so large a space as Miss Kemble's, she has louder and more varied tones, and is free from that skipping down an octave or two, so frequently practised by the latter. She has at times, a majesty of demeanor which the latter cannot reach,—from whose figure rises an insuperable barrier to that great advantage. All that frowns upon the entire success of Miss Pelby, is the fact of her not being a stranger. Americans are very kind to strangers—quite hospitable. We 'take them in'—pay them every attention, and—our money. This is very, very generous! Not every people would do so; even neglecting their own countrymen and countrywomen, to 'do' the aliens 'reverence!' Happy, happy Columbia! to have dwelling upon thy bosom, such a disinterested people!—such a sagacious, judicious people!

We think that Miss Pelby, in Julia's first interview with Clifford as the Secretary, could hardly be surpassed. Her varied passions, each striving for utterance, with pride, the almost downcast ruler of all;—and the dignity with which she rose after her frantic struggle with him were truly admirable. Her appeal, also, to Master Walter, in the last scene, was masterly; it was most pathetic; every word seemed to come from the heart; and the feeling was reciprocated by the audience. The solemnity of enunciation, the energy of emphasis, as her agonized passions rose; the urgent entreaty, and finally the noble calmness with which she prepared for the sacrifice to the laws of honor and the land, were most perfect;—all, all, would have advanced still more the far-famed, highly-eulogized, and talented Mrs Butler.

J. L. S.

For the New England Galaxy.

LYNN.

But few years ago, people at a distance, whenever they heard the name of this town mentioned, were accustomed to associate with it the idea of a small, country village-looking place, where nine tenths of the inhabitants appeared in leather aprons, and where the only 'business note' that greeted the ear of the traveller, was the sound of the hammer and lapstone; and you yourself, Mr Weld, even on the 30th August, 1832, in the Lowell Compend, designated it as the 'Village of Cordwainers.' Now perhaps we should admit that the idea was, in some degree, correct; but if at the present day, any entertain such opinion, they should be taught better things; for there is scarcely a town in New England which has for the last few years made more rapid progress in the various branches of industry, which has improved more in external appearance, or which has made greater advances towards augmenting its weight of character in the great national scale, than this same town of Lynn. At this day there is not one in our section of the country, more pleasantly situated, nor one which gives the traveller, on entering it, a more favorable impression in regard to the enterprise, high character, good taste and well-being of its inhabitants.

The town of Lynn is beautifully located on the northern shore of Massachusetts Bay, between Boston and Salem; about nine nine miles from the former and five from the latter. The settlement was commenced in the year 1629, so of course she is one of the 'elder sisters of the land.' The population at the present time is about 7000 which, compared with what it was in 1820, viz: 4600, gives a very fair increase. The dwellings are mostly on an extensive plain, which stretches from the abrupt hills on the northern border to the shore of the ocean; and being generally built in a tasty though not gaudy style of architecture, and with scarcely an exception painted in very light colors, white predominating, give the whole town an air of neatness seldom witnessed. Setting aside its internal spirit and enterprise, it is at all times a place of much stir, as the principal current of eastern land travel from the metropolis, flows directly through it. During the summer months it is rendered peculiarly the scene of gaiety and bustle, from the delightful retreats which are comprehended within its precincts. Nahant and the Mineral Spring have long been celebrated; they have been the chosen resort of the child of fortune, the 'rusticating sentimentalist,' and the pining invalid.

From the elevations in the vicinity of the town, a most enchanting prospect is presented, comprehending the harbor of Boston with its hundred islands; the spires and domes of the city, with the blue heights of Norfolk in the back ground; the 'Bay of the Massachusetts,' spotted with innumerable sails, and the dim outline of Cape Cod, stretching along the southern horizon. Jutting out a few furlongs into the sea, from the centre of the town, appear the rugged cliffs of the peninsula, guarding the little central paradise from the inroads of the King of waters; while around, is disposed every object that can grace the most varied landscape. But we must quit this strain, as plain matter-of-fact detail is now our province. We design noting down a few matters which may tend to assist the reader in forming a correct idea of the present aspect of the town. And let us commence with the

Religious Societies. There are eight principal religious societies in the place, viz: 3 Methodist, 1 Orthodox Congregational, 1 Baptist, 1 Unitarian, 1 Universalist, 1 Friends; professors of almost every other denomination also hold occasional meetings in the public halls or other convenient places.

Schools. Lynn Academy, an incorporated institution, first opened in 1805, is now in a flourishing condition; it is designed as well for the reception of pupils from abroad, as for those in the more immediate neighborhood. There are also in town, eight District and five Primary Schools, besides about fifteen private ones.

Banks. Lynn Mechanics' Bank, incorporated 1814, capital stock $150,000; Nahant Bank, incorporated 1833, capital stock $150,000; Institution for Savings, incorporated 1826.

Insurance Companies. Lynn Mechanics' Fire and Marine Insurance Company, incorporated 1832, capital stock $50,000; Union Fire and Marine Insurance Company, incorporated 1832, capital stock $50,000; Mutual Fire Insurance Company, organized 1828.

Public Houses. There are eight public houses in the town: three at Nahant, one at the Mineral Spring, one at the west end of the Common, one at [illegible] village, one near the Dye Factory, and the Village House, at Woodend.

Stores. Ten Dry Goods; about twenty groceries, and a sufficient number of book, jewelry, apothecary, hat, shoe, and 'finding stores.'

Manufactures. There are in the town a goodly number of professors of all the most useful arts; but the manufacture of Shoes continues to be the principal.—Perhaps we can give no better idea of the state of this branch than by a synopsis of the Manufactures of 1831 leaving the reader to judge of the increase of the business since that period; we take the year 1831 that we may have positive data. The number of shoes including also what are called ladies' boots, misses' boots &c, manufactured this year was *one million six hundred and seventy-five thousand seven hundred and eighty one* pairs; their value, about $942,191; value of materials used, 413,350; number of journeymen employed, 1741; number of females employed 1775. A large portion of the shoes manufactured here are exported to southern markets.

Miscellanea. There is an extensive *silk printing* establishment, near Water Hill, owned by Mr John Halliday, at which about fifty persons on an average, are employed. Shawls and handkerchiefs are the principal articles turned out here, and their execution does honor to the country; they are mostly disposed of at the south though some occasionally grace the counters of Boston and New York merchants. In the northern section of the town is a large *Dyeing Establishment* and *Bleachery.* Upon Strawbery Brook is an extensive *India Rubber Cloth* manufactory. There are two *Chocolate* manufactories in town, at which upwards of an hundred tons of cocoa are annually consumed.

From sixteen to twenty-five stages leave daily for Boston, and nearly the same number on the eastern route.

There are in Lynn seven Physicians, and five Lawyers and nine Representatives were sent to the last General Court.

For the New England Galaxy

DEGREES OF DRUNKENNESS;

'*First, Fresh;* second, *Emphatic;* third, *Glorious;* fourth, *Uproarious;* lastly *Insensible.*'

FROLICS OF PUCK.

FIRST.

That ruby cheek, and sparkling e'e
Prove jolly Bacchus in possession;—
Premonitory of a *spree*,
They mark the aspect of a *Fresh'un.*
He fills the goblet to the brim,
Drinks and refils
Until his happy senses swim,
And his head reels.
He thinks his every thought is attic,
And soon from *fresh*, becomes

EMPHATIC.

As in a crowded house the throng,
Fast to the door are borne along,
Shoulder to shoulder, hip to hip;—
All the ideas by liquor wrought
Are in a chaos, sudden brought
Upon the burdened lip;—
Justling, pushing,
Outward rushing
The crowd, each other's steps embarrass;
So one word o'er another trips,
Upon the EMPHATIC bibber's lips;
Though pressed not half *ex*-pressed, in vain,
You strive his meaning to attain,
His words but put himself in pain,
And serve the listener to harrass;—
Forthwith he rises to the *squall-ics*
As if each word were *in italics*;
With gestures odd, and upraised hand
He emphasizes *if* and *and*;—
Till to all present, 'tis notorious,
That he has reached the order

GLORIOUS.

As difficulties but incite
The impetuous mind to farther daring,
His swollen tongue, tho' oft he bite
Yet will he still continue swearing;—
While deeper his potations grow,
His patriotism 'gins to flow;—
He damns the fool who does not think
A man to drunkenness should drink;—
In politics his op'site party
Is visited with curses hearty;—
'Till his noise shews he has from *glorious*,
Gone a step further to

UPROARIOUS.

'Wake Snakes!' 'Huzza!' waste, and confusion
Bye-words, and shouts, and noisy revel,
Wassail and wine in sad profusion
Have with his senses played the devil!
Windows are smashed, and glasses broken;
Too drunk to speak; no longer spoken
His oaths are bellowed, such a rate on
As to astonish even Satan.
Until with liquor gorged full
He drops him down

INSENSIBLE.

Here 'Bacchi plenus,' full of wine
Behold the 'human form divine!'
Like leather bag of ages back
His hide is but a liquor sack!

W.

For the New England Galaxy.

ON SEEING THE PAINTINGS OF ADAM AND EVE, BY DUBUFE.

THE TEMPTATION.

Oh bright! Oh glorious!
Earth has now, no form resembling thine:
Made in 'God's image,' thou dost seem,
Indeed, almost divine.

Oh chaste! Oh beauteous!
Mortal eye, ne'er gazed on aught so fair,
Innocence rests upon that brow,
And purity is there!

Wonderful! Heavenly!
Gazing here, the power of utterance dies;
So blest, with happiness and love,
How could the tempter rise?

THE EXPULSION.

'Tis done—'tis past—
Oh! sin and shame, how sad the change,
Ye make, o'er all of good or fair;
In your wild range!

The shade, the blight,
Passion, remorse, and hopeless fear,
Agony, helplessness and woe,
Are pictured here.

The cloud hath fall'n,
The bright, the glorious, the divine,
Hath vanished from *his* brow and *her's*!
Oh! Mother of our race, how sadly chang'd
That brow of thine!

M. E. C.

A CURIOUS ANECDOTE is related of George III:—'The autumn of this year was memorable for the commencement of the first illness of his Majesty George III; by which the regency question was brought into agitation. The reader will perhaps ask with surprise, what connexion Mrs Siddons's name could have with the afflicting event of the royal malady? It had only this connexion, that she was the first person who observed in the royal person grounds to suspect his mental aberration. The king, like all of his subjects, thought her talents an ornament to his reign, and he had a profound and cordial regard for her personal character. She was often at Buckingham House and at Windsor. But, when she was on a visit at the latter place, his majesty one day handed her a sheet of paper, that was blank all but the signature of his name. She judged too highly both of her sovereign and herself to believe that in his right mind, he could show such extraordinary conduct; and the event proved the justice of her conclusion. She immediately took the paper to the queen, who was duly grateful for this dignified proof of her discretion.'—*Campbell's Memoir of Mrs Siddons.*

NEW ENGLAND GALAXY.

SATURDAY EVENING, AUGUST 30, 1834.

[illegible] HASTINGS WELD, EDITOR.

PRIZE TALE.

The time limited for the receipt of Articles for the Premiums last offered having expired, and the awards having been made, the publication of the several manuscripts has been commenced, and will be continued, till the budget of original matter received, is exhausted. As the publishers of the Galaxy mean to relax none of their efforts to make the paper one well worth the patronage of the reading public, they have decided to repeat the offer of *ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS*, in the same sums as before, viz. FIFTY DOLLARS for the best ORIGINAL TALE; TWENTY FIVE, for the best ORIGINAL POEM; and TWENTY FIVE for the best *Article upon a Humorous subject.* The writers are at liberty to select their own scenes and characters; the publishers of the Galaxy having decided not to confine them to any particular age or country. The manuscripts may be directed to the Editor of the Galaxy, post paid, till the last of April, 1835, and the award will be made during the month of May following. The address of the writer should be enclosed in a sealed note marked 'Name;' and the directions of the successful writers *only* will be opened.

In addition to the matter contributed for the prizes which will from time to time continue to be offered; the publishers, determined to spare no pains to make the Galaxy, a useful, readable, and interesting paper, have engaged contributions from the pens of practised writers. To say they have done all they can do, would be a contradiction to the present expression of their intention to increase their efforts to merit patronage as that patronage increases.

Although our list of country exchanges is already sufficiently large, and we have felt obliged to decline new exchanges; we now offer an exchange to any country editor who will give this notice a few insertions.

TERMS OF THE GALAXY. Three dollars per annum. Persons at a distance who order the paper, are expected to make payment in advance, or give a satisfactory reference in the city. Persons obtaining five subscribers, and remitting fifteen dollars, will be entitled to a sixth copy gratis.

Boston, August 16, 1834.

"ALL HANDS TO MISCHIEF!"

In one of Cooper's novels, which we have forgotten, but we believe it is the Red Rover, the Captain of an armed vessel is represented as throwing off, for a time, his authority, and permitting his crew to enact such mad freaks as a temporary relief from restraint and monotonous order will naturally prompt. The boatswain pipes 'All hands to mischief,' and the crew thereupon engage in ready and uproarious mischief. On shipboard, as well as among the shore abiding community, there are always smothered quarrels existing, the causes of which, tho' like J. Q. Adams's facts, not 'proveable in a court of law,' are weighty enough to ensure remembrance, and bring down visitations of wrath upon the first opportunity for their manifestation. Each who can turn the current of mad wrath upon his adversary, does it.

It appears from recent repeated and numerous outrages in many parts of our country, that a certain portion of its inhabitants had adopted the rallying cry 'All hands to mischief!' Were the theory of the mobocrats correct, the resemblances should be carried farther, and the executors of the laws, should, like the officers of the Red Rover, throw away their authority, permit the mob to take the law into their own hands, and Judgeships, and minor legal commissioners should become sinecures. There are, however, some trifling obstacles in the way of this mode of the administration of justice. Some traveller tells a story of a savage who, coming in possession of a watch, was very much pleased with it till at the end of its twenty-four hours, it stopped running. Then, he considered his copper majesty offended, and inflicted summary vengeance on the disrespectful horologe by pounding it to atoms between two stones. The method of a mob's procedure is generally very similar—about as rational—and less excusable. And any attempt to extenuate the outrages of a mob, on the plea of their being reasonably offended, or unfortunately deceived, is quite as wise as the plea of the savage—that he was *ignorant.*

Americans claim, par excellence, to be *the* nation possessing great advantages for education. They claim the character of an *enlightened* people—capable of self-government. We have seen that the only plausible, the *best* excuse indeed, to be made for the commission of outrage, is *ignorance.* Are even the worst portion of the community—the 'fungi' ready to adopt this plea?

THE PIRATES. His B. M. Brig Savage arrived at Salem on Wednesday forenoon, having on board sixteen of the crew of the piratical Schr Pinda, which robbed the Salem ship Mexican, about two years since. As the circumstances attending the plunder of the Mexican, may not now be distinctly remembered, we subjoin the following from the Salem Register.

The robbery committed upon the Mexican was one of the most audacious and cruel acts of piracy on record. She was bound to Rio Janeiro from this port, and was plundered by a piratical schooner under Brazilian colors on 20th Sept 1832, lat 33, long 34 30, and robbed of $20,000 in specie, the officers and crew stripped of every thing valuable, fastened below, and the vessel set on fire, with the horrid intention of destroying her, with all on board. Capt Butman and his men succeeded in getting on deck through a scuttle which the pirates had left unsecured, extinguished the flames, and returned home. Our government ordered a vessel to cruise in pursuit, but she gave up the chase as hopeless.

The Savage is a neat and handsome looking vessel, mounting 10 guns. The novelty of witnessing an English vessel of war enter our harbor, was an attraction of no ordinary power to our citizens, and an immense number congregated upon the wharves to behold her.

The Mexican is now likewise in our harbor, ready for sea. The same captain and mate who were in her at the time of the robbery, were going in her, but in consequence of the expected arrival of the pirates, their places were supplied by other officers, and they will remain at home to give evidence at the trial.

ANDREW DUNLAP, Esq District Attorney, arrived in town yesterday afternoon, and visited the Savage.—We learn that the prisoners will be landed this morning under the care of the U. S. Marshal, and have an examination before Judge Davis, at the Court House, or Town Hall, at 11 o'clock, A. M. They will then probably be carried to Boston. Besides the two men who will appear as States' evidence, and the Captain and Mate of the Mexican, we learn that a Midshipman of the Curlew (the vessel which captured the Pinda,) has arrived in the Savage, who will likewise testify.

We learn that the Insurance Offices in town, will send on board the Savage, this morning, an abundant supply of fresh provisions, &c as a token of respect to her officers and crew.

The following abridgement of the report of the examination of Pirates was condensed by the Editor of the Transcript from the Salem Gazette of Friday.

'The Pirates were landed from the Savage yesterday, and examined before Judge Davis, of the U. S. District Court. Twelve of them, handcuffed together, took their place at the bar. They were all young and middle aged men, the oldest not being more than forty. One of them was a young negro, remarkably black, and two or three others had a taint of Indian and African blood. The complaint having been read by the U. S. Attorney, Mr Dunlap, they severally pleaded not guilty. On being asked by the interpreter, they all stated that they were acquainted with the Spanish. Their plea of not guilty was reiterated with great vociferation, and much gesticulation and heat. The circumstances of the piracy were rehearsed by Mr Dunlap, who complimented warmly the zeal displayed by the British government and its officers in bringing to justice offenders against the laws of humanity in this and numerous other cases. A preliminary examination was then had, and the deposition of Bernardo Jose Perez, one of the pirate crew, taken at Fernando Po, admitted King's evidence, was read. [illegible] Perez was afterwards examined, and confirmed the deposition in all important particulars. He swore that all the men present belonged to the Pinda. The prisoners admitted as State's evidence, were then ordered to recognize for their appearance as witnesses at the next term of the U. S. Circuit Court, to be held in Boston in October. The prisoners were taken into carriages and brought immediately to the city. Two or three times during the examination, they [illegible] exclaimed for 'Justicia!' [illegible] in Justicia!' We only want justice.

MR DURANT'S ELEVENTH ASCENSION.

This last ascension was beautiful; but there was not the feeling of fear for the safety of the Aeronaut which made his tenth ascension such a subject of anxiety and interest to his friends, and the spectators generally. The Salem Gazette states that the balloon was visible from that town, and those who had good glasses distinctly saw the escape of the gas from the balloon, and the discharges of sand from the car. The beautiful and appropriate lines which he distributed, (for which see last page) were from the pen of McLellan. We subjoin the Aeronaut's own account of his excursion.

To the Editors of the Evening Papers.

Gentlemen—The delightful weather yesterday afternoon, enabled me to anticipate the hour of departure from the amphitheatre, though a delay of a few minutes might have been equally favorable; yet with every thing ready, in such favorable weather, I deemed it best to unmoor, lest a flaw of wind should rupture the balloon, or some unforeseen event should cause a delay, or perhaps an entire failure; for in this situation, while retained by cords on the earth, the balloon is much more liable to accident than while floating in air. The balloon was in perfect condition, and the decomposition of the water, in consequence of very good materials, was entirely successful, and met my most sanguine expectations. Seeing the amphitheatre well filled at that early hour, I deemed it best to unmoor, and accordingly severed the last cord at 31 minutes past 4, by my time, and the balloon rose in beautiful style, though with more buoyancy than I deemed necessary, and I opened the valve, to avoid the upper and more westerly current, which was setting towards the ocean. Before I could stop the upward motion of the balloon, I found myself in this current, though the wind was here so light that I was almost stationary, moving to the eastward, though so slowly as to require one hour at least to attain a sufficient easterly position to allow the rabbit and parachute to reach Boston. As I was then over the Back Bay, I judged the best plan to give the spectators a view of the descent of the rabbit, would be to keep in the lower current, and thus reach the land on the western side of the Back Bay. At 4h. 49m. I judged myself sufficiently over the land, and let go the rabbit. The barometer then stood at 26.02, the thermometer 68; in four minutes after I saw him land. A number of persons, on foot and in carriages, hastened to the spot, and caught the parachute before it touched the earth. Finding there was not a sufficient wind to waft me a great distance, I judged it would be most interesting to keep as low as possible, to afford the spectators a distinct view of the aerostat, and by occasionally letting off gas and ballast, I was enabled to keep so low as to hear distinctly the remarks of the inhabitants below.

The roads appeared lined with carriages, hastening towards Cambridge, for which place my course was directed; and with so little wind I judged it practicable to return to Boston with the balloon inflated. I accordingly made preparations to descend, and at 14 minutes past 5, I passed over Mount Auburn, sufficiently low to have anchored, but seeing a clear field beyond, I let go the anchors in the road, a short distance from the house of Mr Bird.

A number of gentlemen came to my assistance in a few seconds, and having tripped the anchors, I started for Boston with the balloon inflated, but had progressed only a few hundred feet, when I found the resistance which the balloon made to the wind, and the probable injury to the numerous equipages which were now collected (by frightening the horses) rendered it prudent to exhaust the balloon of its gas. I was conducted to a grass field on the side of the road, where every assistance was rendered me to fold the balloon, which is not injured in the least degree. By this time a great many equipages had arrived from Boston, and I had the pleasure of a seat in the chaise with my friends Mr Town and Mr Greene, whom I had left one hour before in the Amphitheatre.

I arrived at the Tremont a few minutes past 6, enjoying my usual good health and spirits. I feel under many obligations to the gentlemen who kindly assisted me to alight and convey my apparatus to the city, and likewise to those who assisted me at the Amphitheatre, and to the citizens generally for their many marks of polite attention. At starting, Barometer 30.08, Fahrenheit 73; greatest elevation at 4h. 40m, Barometer 25.42, Thermometer 66—equal to an elevation of about 4186 feet.

Yours, &c.
C. F. DURANT.

Tremont House, 26th Aug. 1834.

MR DURANT will make another ascension in this city, of which due notice will be given. It will be well for those who take tickets, to purchase before the day of his ascension, and go into the Amphitheatre in season.

ADAM & EVE. We are highly delighted with the following annunciation made through the columns of our cotemporary of the Post. It is a presage of the advent of better times; and we doubt not that we shall soon see that ridiculous figure nicknamed the Venus de Medicis thrown out of the artists' studio, with all its nude associates; and painters and sculptors will study instead, such models as the well clothed wax figures in Madam Duchesne's Museum.

Mr Editor—It will perhaps be gratifying to you to learn that a celebrated artist of this city—fully appreciating the delicacy and nice sensibility of our townsmen—has determined to paint two scenes, representing the Temptation and Expulsion of our first parents, in a manner which cannot offend the most scrupulous modesty. As all have joined in admiration of the grace and ease, and dignity, and truth, of the postures in Dubufe's paintings, he has decided to take them for his models, and will copy them to the very best of his abilities, except that their bare and naked limbs are to be properly clothed. To Adam he will give fawn colored tights, a silk vest, checked handkerchief, claret colored coat, and a short nap't hat—and to Eve, a printed 'foulard' morning dress, bishop sleeves, *pantalettes*, and a gay French hat. It was the artist's original intention, as giving more dignity to the scene, to put them in Roman dresses; but, after consulting with a maiden lady, he decided against it, on the ground that the bare legs and arms protruding from the folds of the toga, would shock common decency; and that if a person appeared in such a dress at the Tremont, he would probably be ushered into the bathing rooms to wait for a carriage to take him to the Insane Hospital.

AMERICAN MAGAZINE. The first number of this periodical, in plan resembling the English Penny Magazine; and adorned by the Bewick Company, with numerous well executed views of American scenes and buildings, has made its appearance. The first number contains views of the old Trinity Church, formerly in Summer street, and of the beautiful structure which now occupies the former site of that building. There are also views in Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Richmond, and Niagara; and other embellishments. The matter is what the title purports, '*useful*,' and the price of the work only $2.00 per annum. It is issued in monthly numbers, by the Bewick Company. Freeman Hunt, Agent.

THE FAMILY MINSTREL. We think very well of a new periodical to be published on the first and fifteenth of every month in New York, by Mr Charles Dingley. It is to be devoted to the cause of musical science in its various applications to the worship of God, and to the rational enjoyments of life. Each number is to contain eight pages, and from two to four pieces of new or popular music, harmonized for two or more voices, suitable for the school, the parlor or the church. Terms $2, per annum in advance, or $3, at the end of the year.

UNCLE PHILIP'S CONVERSATIONS with the Children about Virginia, No XII. of Harper's Boy's and Girl's Library, is a history of that state, admirably calculated to amuse and instruct those for whom it is intended. It is the first of a series of volumes upon the several states in the union.

THE HARTFORD PEARL. Number one of volume four of this interesting literary publication is on our table. It contains a well executed copper plate engraving of J. Fennimore Cooper, and is filled throughout with original matter. The mechanical execution is very neat, and highly creditable to the printer. The editor offers a premium of $20 for the best essay on the subject of 'The duties of a patron of American Periodical Literature, and the importance of paying subscription monies.' We like the subject, and trust the successful article may prove of useful use.

MR E. S. B. CANNING. It was stated a week or two since, that the Senior Editor of the Detroit Courier Mr Cleland, had died of Cholera. The Courier states that it was Mr E. S. B. Canning, the Junior Editor, who died. 'Mr Canning (says the Courier) was a native of Gill, Mass, and a gentleman of talents and education.—He passed some time in the Mediterranean, on board the Frigate United States, as Midshipmen's Tutor.'

Our readers may recollect a Prize Poem, written by Mr Canning, and entitled the 'Fall of Missolonghi,' published in the Philadelphia Saturday Courier. During the time he was attached to the Frigate, Mr Canning made himself acquainted with classic ground; and the 'Fall of Missolonghi' owed much of its interest to that circumstance. As Mr Canning undoubtedly left many valuable papers, we hope a volume will be gathered and published from them.

Among the articles submitted for the premiums last offered by the publishers of the Galaxy, was a poem upon MYTHOLOGY, by Mr Canning. Although not deemed the best poem received, it is a beautiful production, and will be read with increased interest, now that the gifted author is no more. We shall publish it in our next number.

SHORT PARAGRAPHS.

SINGLE PAPERS. As we can make no estimate of the number of single papers probably necessary to supply occasional customers, we are often unable to supply as many as are called for. It is much more profitable to us to dispose of copies of the Galaxy at 12 1-2 cts apiece than to sell the paper at the subscription price, viz $3.00 per annum; but the best advice we can give those who like to read the paper is—to *subscribe.*

THE TREMONT THEATRE opens next Monday night. The brush of Signor Bragaldi has operated like the wand of an enchanter over the scenic department of the house; and Mr and Mrs Barrett, old favorites of Bostonians, are engaged for the season. We do not know how many or who of the old Company have renewed their engagements.

THE WARREN THEATRE has taken time by the forelock, and played during the week to those who have been attracted to the city by Mr Durant and old Harvard. R. Jones has been doing wonders in his way for the embellishment of the house; and Mr Pelby has kicked Hagar out of the bars.

THE PIRATES, who plundered the Mexican, are now awaiting trial in Leverett street jail. Much praise is due to the British Government for the course taken in relation to this matter; it is a mark of the courtesy which exists as it should between two great powers. Still these sixteen wretches are such a present as would be sent from one Eastern satrap to another;—and we should have been quite as well pleased if they had been hung by their captors instead of being sent here to make an exhibiton to edify the optics of the advocates of legal murder.

THE OLD CONSTITUTION will live not only in the hearts but the *hands* of Americans for many a year yet to come. We have seen many elegant articles manufactured from her bones, but none more beautifully finished than a cane which we saw at BATES' Umbrella Store during the last week. It had a gold head, etc and the expense of mounting and finishing was about twenty dollars.

ALMOST A HORRIBLE ACCIDENT. In building the new Court House in this city, the large stones for the structure have been hoisted by a tackle and fall. A man has generally gone up on each stone to keep it clear of projecting parts of the wall, another has stood beneath at the end of a *guy rope*, and we have seen others at work directly beneath, the ascending stone, as if to show the hazard of such an unnecessary exposure as the last mentioned, the *derrick* or spar to which the tackle was attached gave way and one of the largest stones which had been hoisted fell from the eaves to the ground. Fortunately nobody was in the way of injury

THE EULOGY in memory of Lafayette will be delivered at Faneuil Hall by Edward Everett, on Saturday next. The procession will be formed under the direction E. G. Prescott, Esq Chief Marshall.

MATRIMONIAL. The editor of the Western Weekly Review has adopted a new device for his hymeneal record—*a pair of spectacles!* and under them a motto intimating that one who is in search of a wife must wear his about him.

THE MAILS. A newspaper was mailed at Lynn for the Galaxy on Thursday of last week, and arrived here on the next Sunday morning. As it was of some consequence, where it went, or stayed, for the three days, we should like to be informed.

QUID PRO QUO. We don't wish to be captious about trifles, but we happened to see in the last New York Traveller, one of our correspondent 'W's' articles, entitled 'Quid Pro Quo;' published without credit. The subject should have taught the Editor better. While talking about the Traveller it may not be amiss to acknowledge our dismay at discovering, as we have, that the Brother of Miss Clara Fisher has cut us off his exchange list. He will now be obliged to crib our articles at second hand.

THE RANGERS were out in their new uniform on Tuesday last. Their appearance was soldierlike, their uniform splendid, and the new march by Comer was a brilliantly noisy piece of music.

A PATRIOT INDEED. The newspaper biographer of Mr Thomas Pew, an old gentleman living in Gloucester, (Mass.) who entered on his *one hundred and third* year, on the 18th inst, says 'The best point in the old gentleman's character, is that he is now, and has been for the last *one hundred years or MORE*, a consistent democrat'! Verily he must have imbibed his political principles early, and developed them before he cut his teeth.

BANGOR HOTEL. During the summer a splendid new Hotel has been building at the city of Bangor, to be called, as we understand, the 'Penobscot House.' It is to be finished and occupied by the 1st of October next, and is to be kept by WOODS, now of the Providence City Hotel; than whom not a better or more suitable man can be found in the United States. He takes the house, we hope, on advantageous terms, and will without doubt make it as good a house, the deficiencies of the Bangor market excepted, as our own Tremont. He is fully competent and we congratulate our friends of the EASTERN EMPORIUM upon their good fortune in procuring him as a resident.

RIOTER. James H. Cosant was arrested in Lowell on Thursday, charged with being an actor in the late Charlestown riot. He was examined at Charlestown yesterday forenoon and fully committed for trial, bail being refused.

Twenty-four deaths were reported at the N York Health Office on Wednesday noon for the 24 hours preceding.

The steamer Bangor starts on her trips punctual to the hour advertised. Yesterday afternoon four passengers were left by being just late enough to be unable to jump aboard, the boat having started. Passengers to go by her will after a while learn that 5 o'clock does not mean 15 or 5 minutes past.

The Providence Railroad is now finished to the edge of Canton, 14 miles from Boston.

The Worcester Railroad will be opened to Hopkinton in about a fortnight, making a distance of 24 miles then in operation.

One of the buildings attached to the U. S. Arsenal at Augusta, has been destroyed by fire.

Three spurious half eagles were taken by the receiving Teller of the Philadelphia City Bank, on Saturday last.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

'C. C.' is received and rejected. 'Mythology,' next week. We are under obligations to 'W,' for his continued favors, as also to 'M. E. C.' for the beautiful article in our to-day's paper. Our Lowell Correspondent must give over, we cannot publish for him. 'The Lost Shot,' has been received and will meet attention.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

FOREIGN.

FROM EUROPE. The ship George Washington, arrived at New York, has brought London papers of the 23d ult. The news is not of great importance. All of interest will be found below.

Marshal Soult has resigned the Presidency of the Council and Ministry of the War, and has been succeeded by Marshal Gerard. The resignation of Soult had caused numberless rumors, all having a military aspect. Some stated confidently that he was to take command of an army about to enter Spain.

The Gazette de France of the 18th states, on the authority of a letter from Jassy, the united English and French fleets had demanded from the Porte, and obtained permission to pass into the Bosphorus, and that more than forty men of war were lying off Constantinople. This was, however, doubted by all the English prints.

On the person of M. Jauge, the banker of Carlos, who was arrested in Paris, a letter directed to M. Chateaubriand was found. It was dated at Bordeaux and stated that Don Carlos had just passed through that city. The letter contained the following sentence: "You see that all Kings are not taking their departure."

The cholera panic in Madrid had considerably subsided. The Queen Regent has once more taken up her residence at the Palace.

Samos surrendered on the 24th May, without resistance, to the Turkish fleet.

Silver has been rising lately in value and it is believed, that though the excitement in the money market of the United States is apparently at an end, there is still going on a large and regular export of bullion to that part of the world. The mode of effecting this is not very obvious, so far as the commercial intercourse between the two countries is concerned; but there has been of late investments of money by English capitalists in the local stock of the various states of the American Union, the security of which is highly valued, to a very great extent, and this would furnish an easy mode of obtaining whatever specie was required to purify the American system, overloaded with immense issues of paper. This is a subject watched with some attention and anxiety at the present moment.

London, July 22. The affair of Don Carlos still keeps up a very likely excitement here. Letters have been received from him to day dated Elisondo, 12th inst in which he states that he had then upwards of 12,000 effective, and that the greatest enthusiasm in his favor prevailed among them.

The appearance of Don Carlos in Spain is still doubted, but every thing goes to confirm his arrival and his departure from England,—the fastest sailing yacht, the Lulworth, having been purchased for him for two thousand guineas. In the British House of Commons, the following conversation took place on the subject of Don Carlos:

Mr G. F. Young asked the noble Secretary for Foreign Affairs whether the Government had received any authentic information respecting the arrival of Don Carlos in Spain.

Lord Palmerston said he could not state that the Government had received any authentic information on the subject. (Laughter)

Col Evans said it might afford some satisfaction to the country if the noble lord would state what his supposition was on the subject. ('Oh!') When the House would be called upon that night to vote a sum of money for secret service money, he felt that he had a right to ask the noble lord if he knew whether Don Carlos was in England or not. (Hear.

Lord Palmerston said that all he could state was very much what the honorable and gallant officer knew himself. (A laugh.) Don Carlos was supposed to be in Spain, but he had received no authentic information on the subject.

Mrs Wood has accepted an engagement from Mr Bunn, for next season. Mr Charles Kemble has arrived in Liverpool from N. York. Mr Bunn is said to be in treaty with him. Sheridan Knowles is to start for America on the 1st of August. Mr Mathews, accompanied by Mrs Mathews, intends to leave England for America on the 15th of August, having entered into a contract for one whole season with Mr Price. Mr Mathews intends to take the entire range of the United States, where he will exhibit his various "At Homes," which are quite new to that country.

It is reported that the Earl of Carlisle, Lord Privy Seal, has resigned, and that the Earl of Mulgrave is to be his successor.

THREE DAYS LATER. London and Liverpool dates to the 26th July, have been received at New York.

Down to July 20th, there had been no engagement between the armies of Don Carlos and Gen Rodil.—The former had his head quarters at Santa Cruz de Campeo, and the latter at Lerin. Reinforcements of 9,000 men had left Pampeluna to join him. Only 300 recruits, it is said, had joined Don Carlos. A decisive engagement was expected, in the course of a few days at farthest.

A letter of the 16th from Genoa, intimates that Don Miguel, contrary to his solemn promise, was endeavoring to get back to Portugal. Should he make the attempt, he will unquestionably be treated as an outlaw.

The Morning Herald of the 26th mentions a report of the death of the poet Coleridge on the previous morning.

Between 60 and 70 houses had been destroyed by fire at North Tawton, near Plymouth.

The Committee of the House of Commons to whom was referred the new Tea Duties Bill, have decided by a majority of one, in favor of the scale recommended by the government, which will subject the trade to a fluctuating instead of a fixed scale of duties. The Morning Herald anticipates bad effects from this provision.

The exportations of specie from London for New York, during the week ending July 24, amounted to 42,108 oz. silver.

A rumor prevailed in Vienna of an European Congress, to be convoked there during the ensuing autumn.

There is a report in the city that an American ship with 10,000 stands of arms on board, and also another vessel with warlike stores for Don Carlos, have been prevented from clearing out of the river.—*London paper.*

The number of persons who have sailed from the port of Liverpool, as emigrants to the United States and the British colonies, during the quarter ending the 30th of June last, is 11,625

DON MIGUEL. Extract of a letter of the 26th inst from Genoa:—'Don Miguel, who had hired a country house at some distance from this city, seldom appears in public. Some persons however, who have his confidence, are admitted to him, and for some days there has been remarked around him a bustle that has given rise to a thousand conjectures and rumors. It appears certain that a felucca, come from the coast of Spain, has entered our port, and that communications have taken place between one of the passengers and persons attached to that Prince.'

The French Government has ordered the seizure of all military stores which seemed intended for Don Carlos. A Parisian Editor has just been liberated from a confinement of 32 months for libels

BAYONNE, July 19. It is said that Don Carlos, with a view to embarrass the Queen's Government, intends to fill up the vacancies in the Episcopal Sees throughout the kingdom. Marquis De Lebiador, whom he has appointed as Ambassador to the Court of Rome will, he thinks, be able to prevail on his Holiness to confirm the nomination of the Prelates made by him. This would certainly be a death blow for the Anti-Salique Royalty, in a fanatical country like Spain.

MEXICO. The New Orleans Bee contains extracts from Tampico papers to July 30. Tranquility has been again restored in Mexico. St Louis de Potosi which had declared against the President, has submitted to him under the benefit of a capitulation. A deputation has been sent from Puebla to Santa Anna, for the purpose of making a capitulation. On the 19th ult, that town was on the eve of surrendering. Valladolid had surrendered. Gens Cortazar and Barragan were marching towards Jalisco, which place it was anticipated would immediately summit. The Cholera was prevailing at Oajaca, Mexico and other cities. The Governor of Mexico has issued a decree, deposing the Vice President of the Republic, Faria, from his office

Gen Montezuma has been conducted as a prisoner of war to Mexico. Russell, another important personage in Mexican affairs, has fled from Tampico.

We find nothing more in our papers of interest, says the Bee, The civil war, though apparently closed, may be expected to break out again shortly with renewed vigor.

DOMESTIC.

CITY AFFAIRS. At a meeting of the Mayor and Aldermen on Monday:

An invitation from a Committee of the Young Men of the city, for the Mayor and Aldermen to join their Procession in rendering honors to the memory of

Lafayette, on the 6th day of September next; read and accepted.

Petition of Benj Russell and others, to have Sommer street, near Broad st, formerly Sea street, widened; of Frederick T. Gray and others, to have Brattle street near Elm street, widened: referred.

Ferdinand E. White and Otis Rich, licensed as auctioneers, and their bonds approved.

Harvard University. At the adjourned meeting of the Board of Overseers on Monday, which we understand was numerously attended, the report of the committee on the late transactions at the University, which had been at a preceding meeting recommitted, was again reported with slight amendments, and was unanimously adopted. The report, which was ordered to be published under the directions of the President of the University, concludes with the following resolutions:—*Daily Adv.*

1. *Resolved*, That the students of Harvard University have no just equitable claim to exemption from prosecution before the civil and criminal tribunals of the Commonwealth, for trespasses upon property, against persons, whether belonging to the University or otherwise.

2. *Resolved*, That the proceedings of the President and Faculty of Harvard Universiy, on the occasion of the recent riots and disturbances among the students at that Seminary, meet with the entire approbation of this Board.

3. *Resolved*, That the Circular published in the name of the Senior Class of Harvard University, relating to the recent riotous disturbances among the Students at that Seminary, is of a disorderly character, and entirely inconsistent with the station and duties of undergraduates at that University.

Commencement. We understand that the performances were extremely creditable to the young gentlemen to whom they were assigned, and well sustained the reputation of this venerable institution. The meeting house, which was used on the occasion for the first time, is a handsome Gothic edifice, calculated to accommodate a much more numerous audience than the old. The Commencement dinner, which followed the exercises in the church, as usual, was attended by a very large number of the graduates of the College. *Among the guests, were Messrs Ewing, Mangum and Tyler, of the Senate of the United States.*

The degree of A. B. was conferred upon the following young gentlemen.

William LeRoy Annin, Kinsman Atkinson, Henry Blanchard, Edward Bradstreet, Caleb Alexander Buckingham, Thaddeus Clapp, James Freeman Colman, Benjamin Eddy Cotting, William Smith Craft, Thomas Cushing, Samuel Morse Felton, Edward Fox, Eugene Fuller, Miles Teel Gardner, Zebina Gleason, Henry Francis Harrington, Aaron Hayden, Rufus Hosmer, Nathanael Babcock Ingersoll, Rufus Tilden King, Drausin Baltazar Labranche, Rufus Bigelow Lawrence, Charles Mason, George Moore, Lucius Parker, Charles Breck Parkman, Samuel Parkman, John Witt Randall, William Putnam Richardson, Samuel William Rodman, Joseph Sargent, John Turner Welles Sargent, William Vincent Thacher, Chas Elliot Ware Charles Newell Warren, Hiram Wellington, Nathaniel West

Among the honorary degrees, that of L. L. D was conferred on His Excellency Gov Davis and Hon Edward Livingston and Simon Greenleaf; and that of D. D. on Rev Francis Parkman, Henry Ware, Jr, and John G. Palfrey.—*Daily Advertiser.*

The Pirates. We learn from Mr Stephen Badlam, who acted as interpreter at the examination of the prisoners at Salem, yesterday afternoon, and has since conversed with them, that one of them was the mate of the Pinda, and was owner of the vessel. His name is Bernado de Sota. He informed Mr B. that he was master of a vessel which made a voyage from Havana to Philadelphia in 1831, and was consigned to a respectable house there. On his return to Havana, he discovered the ship Minerva aground on one of the Bahama reefs, and on fire, the passengers and crew clinging to the masts and yards. He approached her, at great danger to himself and vessel, and took off seventy two persons, whom he carried in safety to Havana, and was afterwards presented, by the insurance offices at Philadelphia, with a silver vase, as a token of their approbation.—*Trans.*

Commencement. The exercises of the graduates of Yale College, on Wednesday last, were as usual, such as reflected honor on the institution. There was hardly variety enough in the subjects, and the absence of colloquial speaking, rendered it, perhaps, less interesting than formerly. The day was remarkably fine, and the church was thronged with the congregated wisdom and beauty of the city and 'country roundabout.'—*New Haven Register.*

The Worcester Spy contradicts the report that the members of the Masonic Lodge in Sutton had voted to disband and surrender their charter

A late Mobile paper says:—"For the last 42 days we have had thunder and rain in this city, without the intermission of more than one day at the time, and with the exception of only four days in all. Our streets are so clear of filth, that the water which courses down the gutters is pure and limped.

Mr Eliot, who was to have ascended from Philadelphia, accompanied by a lady, on Monday last, has proved a failure. Sufficient gas could not be generated to lift them—not even Mr E. The people became enraged, pulled down the balloon, and quietly cut it into pieces.—*Trans.*

Mr Jesse Bird, upon whose farm Mr Durant descended, in his endeavor to assist him, lost the case of his watch. The finder is requested to return it to him at Faneuil Hall Market.

Mr C. H. Eaton. The dramatic writer of the N. Y. Traveller, a paper edited by the "Brother of Clara Fisher," speaking of young Eaton, says: he is a "Tragic Actor, unrivalled in the annals of the Rough and Tumble School."—Fisher is an *Englishman*— and that's enough.—*Baltimore Visiter.*

Theatrical News. James Wallack arrived yesterday in the George Washington—we hope, for a long engagement. The London Morning Chronicle says that the Woods have been engaged for the season at Drury Lane and Covent Garden, which both are under Mr Bunn's management. Charles Kemble was in treaty with Mr Bunn. Sheridan Knowles was to sail on the 1st of August. Mathews was to sail on the 15th. Miss Philips is expected in the Ontario, which is now due. The Park Theatre, we hear, has been thoroughly repaired and the new decorations and scenery are said to be superb. Every thing promises a brilliant season.—*N. Y. Trans.*

Making Money. Sir Astley Cooper, a celebrated London Surgeon, was recently called 130 miles from London to give advise. On arriving at the place he examined the case, and said, "The treatment is good." He was absent but a little more than a day. His bill was 300 guineaes, equal to $1509.

General Jackson, it is stated has declared his intention to return immediately to Washington, to attend to his official duties.

Richmond, Va. Aug 19. Our town has been enlivened to-day by an occurrence of more than ordinary interest. You may, possibly have read an article in the Enquirer of this morning, headed "The Telegraph and the Whig," and signed "Stafford," in which both your name and that of the editor of the "Whig," cut a conspicuous figure. It was written by P. V. Daniel, Esq. The editor of the Whig thinking that it required some notice, met the "ex-Vice," upon the steps of the capitol, desired to know whether he was the author, and upon receiving no answer, seized the "dignitary," by the collar, and demanded an instant answer to his interrogatory. The latter replied by a punch with his umbrella, upon which Pleasants belabored him so furiously with a sprig of his own favorite hickory, that he fled down the steps leading to the office of the Register. He actually so far forgot the dignity of his station as to beg the Register and several other gentlemen who were attracted by the noise of the affray, to interfere and preserve him from the fury of an enemy not more than fifty or sixty pounds lighter than himself.

The New York Evening Star says that a steam wagon, to run on common roads, has been invented in Massachusetts, that several trials have proved its efficacy, and that it is intended to make it pack and unpack all its packages, and keep its own account of freight.

Silver Plate, Plated Ware, & JEWELRY REPAIRING SHOP, NO 1 SPRING LANE,

(Opposite the Old South Vestry.)

JOHN GUNN respectfully informs the inhabitants of Boston and vicinity, that he has taken the shop No 1 Spring Lane, formerly occupied by the late Mr Hooke, where he intends to Repair all kinds of JEWELRY, SILVER WARE and PLATED ditto, of every description; Lamps, Vases, &c.

N. B. All kinds of JEWELRY made to order at lowest prices.

3m june 21

New French Paper Hangings.

A SPLENDID assortment of Parlor and Entry PAPERS, of entire new patterns and superior finish. Just received, and for sale low, by J. P. HURLBERT, Ann 23, Court street. june 21

TO SUBSCRIBERS AT A DISTANCE.

Upon our list are many subscribers in arrears who reside at such distances, or in such places that to reach them with a collector would eat up more than their subscriptions. Every individual knows whether he is in arrears for his newspaper or not, and different reasons actuate different persons in continuing on the debtor's side of a printer's leger. The majority regard the sum as so trifling that it is hardly worth transmitting, but these sums, though individually small, are in the aggregate of much amount to the publishers. Our friends will therefore, upon the receipt of this notice, forward their subscriptions from May 10th, 1833, (the date from which the accounts are ours.) If inconvenient to send the precise amount, a five dollar note, (we would not *refuse* king Biddle's) may be remitted and the extra two dollars shall be placed to their credit on the current year. We wish all to take some notice of this request, as after a reasonable time we shall deem all who take no heed of us, voluntary and wilful delinquents, and deal with them accordingly, by erasing, their names from our list. In aggravated cases we shall take the liberty to put other printers on their guard by publishing the names of those who give us reason to believe they swindle us intentionally. This threat affects no *good* subscriber.

July 19, 1834.

☞ Some persons who are a little in arrears, do not appear to understand who are meant in the above paragraph. The number is, however, few, and we acknowledge our obligations to those who have promptly met their bills. Those who are still in arrears, though not aware of it, (as if they were they would not remain delinquents) will find their papers after this date directed to them in *red ink*. No threats of blood intended, understand, but bona fide red ink.

MARRIAGES.

In this city, Wm A. Sabine, merchant, of Eastport, Me, to Eliza C. Goodrich—John Peter Narr, of Surinam, to Margaret Amelia Howard,—Charles Pope to Elizabeth Bogman—Frederick Wengel to Hannah Cook.

In South Boston, Charles Parker to Jane Miller.

In Watertown, George Woodward to Mary Snowman.

In Needham, Chas Mayo, of Chatham, to Lucinda Ware.

In Milton, Franklin Dudley to Mary E. Littlefield—Isaac Wetherell, Principal of Randolph Academy, to Elizabeth P. Webster.

In Lynn, Jesse Gay, of Andover, to Elizabeth Eaton of Lynn.

In Marblehead, John Goss to Jane D. Turell—Ambrose H. Atkins to Hannah P. Power.

In Gloucester, Capt Samuel Pearson to Mary Davis.

In Lowell, John G. Pillsbury Esq, Jr proprietor of the Brooklyn Advertiser to Elizabeth W. Smith.

In Newburyport, Albert Wood, of the firm of John Wood & Sons, to Catherine G. Davenport.

In Utica, N. Y. W. Forbes to E. S. A. Wyman of this city.

In Pekin, Ill, Dr Samuel Pillsbury, of this city, to Mary Alexander.

DEATHS.

In this city, Nancy, daughter of widow Sarah Grant 22—Benj Shurtleff, 1 year, only son of Hiram Smith Esq—Walter, son of Joshua Stone, 17 mos—David, son of David and Sophia Parker, 8.

In Roxbury, Wm Godfrey, after a long and painful illness of two years—Margaret D. Ferris, youngest daughter of the late Dr Isaac Rand, 50.

In Charlestown, Samuel Mangis, 41—Mrs Sarah Stoddard, wife of Henry K. Frothingham, 24.

In East Cambridge, Daniel W. Williams, 22.

In Dorchester, Samuel Clapp, 63.

In Quincy, Mary D. S. only child of James and Catharine E. Day, of Roxbury, 4 mos and 11 days.

In Brookline, Ebenezer Richards, 64.

In Medford, Herbert Everett, youngest son of John Sparrell.

In Lynn, Lucy Towne, child of Daniel Cross, 2 yrs and 10 mos—Eliza Ellen, daughter of Francis and Joan Breed, 2 yrs—Benj W., son of H. A. Breed Esq, 20 mos.

In Gloucester, the wife of Rev B. B. Murray—Mrs Mary Putnam, 30—James Gamage, 25.

At Swampscot village, Ann Maria, 30, wife of Lorenzo D. Story—Charles Henry, son of Micajah Atherton.

In Lowell, while on a visit to that place, Caroline, youngest daughter of Nathan Brooks, of Stow.

In Weston, Abigail, youngest daughter of John W. and Cinda Cutting, 16 mos.

In Temple, N. H. Ensign Jonas Brown, formerly of Concord, Mass, 81. He was a Revolutionary pensioner, and served at the battles of Concord and Bunker Hill, in the former of which he received a slight wound.

In Acworth, Thomas Davis, 81. He was a highly respected member and presiding Elder of the society of Friends, in Unity. He took an active part in the cause of our American Independence

In Orford, Capt Jeremiah Marston, 90. At his death, the eldest surviving settler of that town. He was originally from Hampton, and removed to Orford 66 years ago. He pitched his tent in the wilderness near the centre of the town, labored for weeks together without seeing any human being, and cleared a large farm upon which he lived till his death.

In Williamsburgh, the two youngest children of Mr Pliny Warren. Both died in one day and were buried in one coffin, making five children that he has lost within a few years.

In Lancaster, N. H. Isaac P. Mirrill Esq, 40; he was much respected, and his death is greatly lamented.

At Schooly's Mountain, near New York, Thomas Hammersley, Esq, 65.

In Tompkinsville, N. Y. Rev Wm P. Curtis, Rector of St Paul's Church, of that place, 45.

In New York, after an illness of five hours, of cholera, Ebbraim Titcomb Jr, of this city, 26—of cholera, Israel Munroe, Counsellor at Law, formerly of this city, 57.

In Buffalo, N. Y. of cholera, Hon M. A. Andrews late Mayor of that city, his wife and two children.

Drowned, in crossing a river in a wagon at Colchester, Vt Mary Ann, wife of Guy Tracy, and daughter of A. Fletcher, Esq. She had been married but a few months.

Quarterly Review. No. 102.

JUST Published by LILLY, WAIT & CO.

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II.—Geschichte der Hohenstaufen und ihrer Zeit. Von Friedrich von Raumer.

III.—Autobiography of Sir Egerton Brydges, Bart; per legem terræ Lord Chandos of Sudeley, &c. &c.

IV.—Philip van Artevalde; a Dramatic Romance, in Two Parts. By Henry Taylor, Esq.

V.—Souvenirs de la Marquise de Crequi 1710 a 1800.

VI.—The Dispatches of Field Marshal the Duke of Wellington, K. G. during his various Campaigns in India, Denmark, Portugal, Spain, the Low Countries, and France, from 1799 to 1818. Compiled from official and authentic Documents, by Lt Col Gurwood. Esquire to his Grace as Knight of the Bath.

VII.—Italy; with Sketches of Spain and Portugal. In a Series of Letters written during a residence in those Countries. By William Beckford, Esq. Author of 'Vathek.'

VII.—Excursions in the North of Europe, through parts of Russia, Finland, Sweden, Denmark, and Norway, in the years 1830 and 1833. By John Barrow, Jr,

IX.—Journal of Three Voyages along the Coast of China, in 1831, 1832, and 1833; with Notices of Siam, Corea, and the Loo Cho Islands. By Charles Gutzlaff.

X.—1. Helen; a Tale. By Maria Edgeworth. 2. Ayesha, the Maid of Kars. By the Author of 'Zohrab,' 'Hajji Baba,' &c.

XI.—History of the Revolution in England in 1688.—By the Right Honorable Sir James Mackintosh.

aug 30

Timber Lands in Maine.

7034 A BARGAIN. ACRES, in common and undivided, in two of the best located and heavy timbered townships on the Kennebec, being numbers 1 and 2 in the 4th range of the Bingham Purchase, and known as the Moxey townships. The most westerly is traversed by the Canada road and lies oposite the mouth of Dead River. The other is separated from it by a pond from which logs can be floated at all seasons into the Kennebec. The title is unexceptionable and unincumbered, the value easily ascertained, and the terms such as to insure the purchaser a quick return and ample profit for his capital. For plan, estimates and other particulars, apply to SARGENT & AMORY, 2 State street, or ADIN HALL, 10 Exchange street. istf aug 30

Piano Fortes.

AT BROWN & HALLETT'S Ware Rooms, corner of Washington and Essex streets, a superior assortment of rose wood, mottled, branch, cross banded and plain mahogany PIANO FORTES, manufactured of select materials by first rate workmen, in the best possible manner, of excellent touch and finish, which they will sell at the lowest prices. Persons desirous of procuring instruments will do well to call and examine for themselves before purchasing elsewhere.

Piano Fortes made to order.

Tuning attended to at the shortest notice.

All orders gratefully acknowledged. 3w aug 30

Now Open

AT HARDING'S GALLERY, School Street the two Grand Moral Pictures,

THE TWO GRAND MORAL PICTURES, THE TEMPTATION OF

ADAM & EVE

AND THE

EXPULSION FROM PARADISE. PAINTED BY DUBUFE.

SIZE OF EACH PICTURE—10 FEET 6, BY 12 FEET 6.

These splendid works of Art, painted for Charles X. and exhibited at Somerset House, London, and in the U. States, to the universal admiration of nearly 100,000 visitors.

Perfectly chaste and pure in feeling; they unite the sublime and poetic beauty of Milton to the charm and power of truth, such as cannot fail to make a lasting impression on the mind of every beholder.

Admittance 25 cents. Season tickets 50 cents. Open from 8 A. M. until 10 P M. Illuminated in the evening. tf aug 9

WILL CLOSE IN A FEW DAYS. Now Exhibiting

AT HARDING'S GALLERY, School street—The Grand Picture of the

OPENING OF THE SIXTH SEAL; BY F. DANBY, R. A.

From the collection of William Beckford, Esq. of Fonthill Abbey. Revelation, 6th chapter 12th to 17th verses. Size of the Painting, 9 feet 6 inches by 7 feet 6 inches.—This exquisite work of Art has received the acknowledgements of the most eminent Judges in Art, as a Painting altogether unequalled for poetic splendor and beauty of execution.

Open from 8 A. M. till 10 P. M. Illuminated in the Evening. Admittance 25 cents. Season Tickets, 50 cts. tf aug 23

Education of Boys.

THE Subscriber continues his School at the rooms formerly occupied by Mrs A. P. Curtis, No 36, Hancock street.

Parents, and others interested in the education of boys are invited to call, whenever it may suit their convenience an witness the accommodations, the conduct and ordinary exercises of his pupils.

TUITION.

For Reading, Spelling, Arithmetic and Geography, $15 a quarter.

For the Languages and higher Branches, $20 a quarter.

References—Mr Solomon P. Miles, Mr Ebenezer Bailey, Mr Thomas Sherwin, P. O. Thacher, Esq, C. G. Loring, Esq, C. P. Sumner, Esq. Rev Samuel Barrett.

The next Term will commence on MONDAY, Sept 1st, Applications may be made at No 36 Hancock street—the residence of the subscriber, No 8 Somerset Place.

aug 30 HENRY W. CARTER.

French School.

MONS PELLETIER, No 276 Washington street, tenders his thanks for the liberal patronage he has received, and has the honor to announce that his first Class will commence on Monday, the 8th of September next, at 8 o'clock. Persons desirous of joining said Class will please leave their names. The number has been limited

Mr P. has collected together a portion of his pupils and has formed "Soirees," or an Evening School for French Conversation, for the benefit of practising and preserving what they have learnt, and to acquire more knowledge in speaking fluently. The evenings of meeting will be Tuesdays and Saturdays, and each Soiree will last two or three hours; to commence on the first Tuesday in September next, at 8 o'clock.

Terms $3 per quarter, payable in advance. aug 30

Hosiery.

2000 DOZEN Woollen half Hose; 300 do do long do; 500 do women's do do; 000 do boys' do Socks—with a large assortment of Worsted and Merino Hosiery, for sale upon accommodating terms E. HARRINGTON & CO.

aug 30 2m 56, Water street (up stairs.)

Organs at Cost.

TWELVE Church and Parlor Organs, will be sold at cost, if applied for at the Organ Manufactory opposite the head of Hanover street, before the 15th of September next.

EBEN'R GOODRICH, will continue to manufacture Church, Parlor and Reed Swell Organs, of superior quality. tf aug 30

Commercial Education.

B. F. FOSTER, Accountant, author of "*Prize Essay on the best method of teaching Penmanship*," "*A Developement of Carstairs's System*," &c, has taken Rooms at 116 Washington street, over the Bookstore Perkins, Marvin & Co, where he continues to teach *WRITING AND BOOK-KEEPING* upon the most approved and philosophical principles,

Hours of Instruction 6 A. M. to 9 P. M.

[From the Boston Republican.] We are personally acquainted with Mr Foster, and take great pleasure in recommending his establishment to the notice of our fellow citizens. We have examined his system in detail—we have observed his mode of instruction in full operation—and are fully impressed with the practicability and utility of his plan. It abbreviates the period of study, reduces the amount of labor, and facilitates beyond all other methods the speedy and effectual attainment of a free, elegant and rapid business hand. tf aug 30

White Live Geese Feathers.

An entire new article in this Market.

KITTREDGE & BLAKE, City Market Building Brattle street have just received a quantity of Feathers, superior to any thing of the kind which have been offered for sale in this market for many years. They invite those in want of Feathers to call and examine the same.

aug 30 2m

Dancing.

MRS BARRYMORE has the honor of announcing to her patrons, and the public in general, that her academy will re-open on Monday, Sept 1st. For terms and hours apply at Mrs Barrymore's residence, 36 Boylston street, 3 doors from Tremont street.

aug 23

Dancing.

W. B. WHITE respectfully informs his friends and the citizens of Boston generally that his School for the instruction of Young Masters and Misses in the above accomplishment will commence on Wednesday, Sept 3d' at Franklin Hall. Parents and guardians wishing to send children are invited to call on Mr W, at residence, No 5 Hanover street, between 7 and 9 o'clock A. M. or at the Hall from 11 to 1. Shool hours from 3 to 6 P. M, Terms, &c, made known on application.

aug 23

Home for the Sick or Lame.

MASSACHUSETTS THOMSONIAN INFIRMARY and Botanic Medicine Store, No 554 Washington street, opposite the Worcester Rail Road Office Boston. This Establishment is located on the bank of the Boston and Worcester Rail Road, which may be seen for several miles to the west, together with the surrounding country; on the east is Boston harbor, with its Islands and Light Houses in full view.

The rooms are large and cool, and no expense will be spared by the subscriber that will render this establishment an agreeable and useful "*home for the sick*," and equal to any other. Vapor Baths are in readiness at all times, with separate rooms for those who take bath only. Persons from the country can be accomodated with board and private rooms, furnished with the bath if they wish—Statements of remarkable cures performed by the medicine and proved by reference to the persons, now enjoying comfortable health, may be had at the Infirmary, and enough to satisfy any one, that instead of nine-tenths dying, ninety-nine hundredths receive relief, and many a perfect cure.

Books, Medicine, &c at usual prices.

JOHN A BROWN, Botanic Physician,

Late Superintendent of the Tremont Thomsonian Infirmary. july 25

Only $2—Bruce & Co.

OFFER for sale Silver Spectacles, for the low price of $2 a pair, with green, grey concave, and convex glasses, to together with a prime assortment of cheap Spectacles, plated and steel bows 1s 6d to 9s a pair, with cases. If, after trial, they do not suit the eye, they can be exchanged at 251 Washington street, 7 doors south Marlboro' Hotel. aug 9

Notice.

THE copartnership existing between the subscribers will expire by limitation on the 12th of August (inst.) It is our intention to close entirely the affairs of our present concern, and in consequence we shall dispose of the entire stock, at 93 Washington street, at a large discount from previous prices.

As it is impossible to convey an adequate idea of the stock by an advertisement, we invite our customers of the city and country to visit our rooms, and supply themselves with Silks, Shawls, Chintzes, Muslins, Gloves, Hosiery, &c. &c. from one of the best and most desirable stocks in the country. E. K. WHITAKER & CO.

aug 2 93 Washington street, (up stairs.)

Glass Door Plates, Door Knobs, BELL PULLS AND NUMBERS.

MANUFACTURED and Warranted by the NEW ENGLAND GLASS COMPANY—the most durable and ornamental articles for outside and inside doors. Specimens of various kinds constantly on hand and may be seen at their Ware House, No 140 Washington street, Boston. tf dec 28

Boston & Providence Railroad.

THE use of the Locomotive Engine Whistler with the passenger Cars, will be discontinued after Monday 25 inst. until further notice. aug 23

Bottles, Demijohns, Carboys, &c.

700 GROSS PORTER AND CIDER BOTTLES.

500	do	WINE	do.
300	do	CLARET	do.
300	do	GREEN SYRUP	do.
5000		DEMIJOHNS, assorted sizes.	
5000		CARBOYS.	do do.

Together with their usual assortment of other articles of black and green Glass, for sale on favorable terms, by the New England Glass Bottle Company.

RALPH SMITH, Agent,

Delivered in any part of the city or adjacent towns free of expense.

Orders sent to the Factory, East Cambridge; at their Warehouse, 99 Milk street, Boston, or deposited in their Order Box 57 State street, Boston, will receive prompt attention. is&os3m may 31

Notice.

THE copartnership existing between the subscribers is this day by mutual consent dissolved.—The affairs of the concern will be adjusted by E. K. WHITAKER.

E. K. WHITAKER.

Boston, Aug 12 1834. A. R. FROTHINGTON.

The subscriber intends to close the affairs of the late firm entirely, before Jan next; and in addition to a very valuable stock imported, principally the present year, and which will be disposed of at a large sacrifice, he has just received (cases) French Goods, comprising Silks, Blondes Shawls, Flannels, &c. which having arrived out of season will be sold at cost of importation.

E. K. WHITAKER.

aug 1 epistf 93 Washington street, (up stairs.)

English Music.

PEDLETON has just received a consignment of London Music, consisting of Glees, Variations, Piano Forte Duets, &c. &c. Also, the late New York and Philadelphia publications. Amateurs are respectfully invited to call at his Music and Fancy Goods Store, No 208 Washington street.

Piano Fortes tuned. is6t aug 2

Afternoon Dancing School.

MR. STIMSON would most respectfully inform his patrons and others of Boston, that his Day School for the instruction of Masters and Misses in Dancing, will commence on Wednesday, Sept 3d, at 3 P. M. at his Academy, No 33 Allen street. Terms of tuition, $5 to be paid at entrance, and $5 at the close of the quarter, School days Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Evening Dancing School,

L. STIMSON informs the Young Gentleman of Boston, that his Evening School will commence on Monday evening. Sept 1. at 1-2 past 7 P. M. at his Academy, No 33 Allen street. School evenings Mondays and Wednesdays. Terms same as above. aug 16

A Card.

MR JAMES G. MEADER begs to inform his friends and the public, that he has Removed to No 36 Hancock street, where engagements for instruction in Music can be made

aug 23 5t

Cherry Boards and Plank.

46.600 FEET CHERRY BOARDS AND PLANK, now landing, of prime seasoned stuff, and will be sold on the wharf, for the present, at the low price of $35 per M. if applied for soon.

Also, at yard, 15,000 feet White Wood Boards, all qualities.

Also, 30,000 feet Cherry, in Boards, Plank and Joists, which will be sold low for cash or credit. Yard No 19 Ebez street. 3tis aug 9

House I Live in.

FOR the use of Families and Schools. By Wm A. Alcott.

The editor of a leading Journal having seen an extract from this work, says of it—"They exhibit a happy ingenuity in combining the figurative with the literal, and adapting them to the purposes of instruction, with increased interest to the pupil. The frequent references to the Great Teacher of all, which pervade the work, are in keeping with the object which this truly valuable publication proposes,—that of cultivating the devotional feelings while imparting practical lessons of instruction; of mending the heart, as well as of informing the mind."

Just published by LILLY, WAIT & CO. No 121 Washington street. july 27

Bug Poison.

A CERTAIN and instant destroyer of Bed Bugs, without staining clothes or producing any other disagreeable effect, for sale at GEYER'S Apothecary Store, 104 Hanover street, junction of Salem street; price 25 cts a bottle. 2m june 14

Dr Horace Kimball,

No 1, *Montgomery Place.*

DR. K. proposes to devote himself to the practice of *DENTISTRY*, and for his professional qualifications in this particular department, he is permitted to refer to Dr J. F. FLAGG, under whose instructions he has been for the last three years. 3m june 21

Portrait & Miniature Painting.

MR R. ROWLEY respectfully his friends and the public generally that he has removed his Gallery of Paintings from 260 Washington street, to Pearl Place, No 11, where he invites the lovers of the art of Painting to call and examine the productions of his pencil.

Mr R. has arranged his rooms so as to receive visitors all hours of the day without interrupting his sitters, and those who do him the honor to call will not (as formerly) be turned away with the excuse of "I am engaged, please to call again."

Mr R. takes this opportunity of rendering to his patrons his sincere thanks for their ample patronage, and he pledges himself to endeavor to merit a continuance of the same, by paying strict attention to the wishes of those who may hereafter sit for their Miniatures or Portraits.

may 24

A Feather Store, No 27 Dock-Square, (South side.)

FOR Sale, Genuine New England Live Geese Feathers; best Southern and Western do do; Russia do; Sicily and various kinds of common and low priced do. Also, Beds, Mattresses, Pew and Chair Cushions, and a general assortment of Bedding and Upholstery Goods

UPHOLSTERERS' STOCK. Best South American and Russia Hair, picked and unpicked; Florida, New Orleans and Carolina Moss, picked and unpicked, or in bales. Moreans, Bed Ticking, &c; at the lowest prices CHARLES A. HUDSON. tf dec 21

Rich Dress Stocks.

FASHIONABLE styles of bow, and plain plaited bows, plain and handkerchief Satin and Mohair STOCKS, made in the best manner. Also, plain, plaited and bow Bombazine, Silk, Velvet and other Stocks, for sale by the dozen or single at KIMBALL'S, 12 Washington street. may 2

New Publications.

A BRIEF View of the Constitution of the United States, addressed to the Law Academy of Philadelphia; by Peter S. Duponceau. LL.D; published by and for the Academy.

New York as It Is, in 1834; containing a general description of the City and Environs, list of the Officers, Public Institutions, and other useful information; with a correct map of the city. Received by LILLY, WAIT & CO, 121 Washington street. june 28

Satin Beaver Hat Manufactory.

J. JACKSON late of the firm BRISCALL & JACKSON, would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has commenced the above business at No 255 Washington Street, where he will keep a large assortment of Satin Beaver Hats, at wholesale and retail, on as fair terms as any other establishment in the city.

—ALSO—

Fur Hats and every article usually kept in a Hat Store. Orders for Satin Beaver Hats will be promptly executed. aug 16

Winter and Summer Oil, FOR FAMILY USE.

EDMUND T. HASTINGS, 37, Commercial street, will keep constantly for sale, Winter and Summer Oil, of 1st quality, for family use.

Also, Oil Cannisters of various sizes. mar 22

To the Patrons of the PENNY MAGAZINE.

WE would inform those persons who took the Boston edition of the Penny Magazine last year, that the work is not discontinued, as one of our former agents has represented in his circular to "my patrons," in which he informs them that he has abandoned and discontinued that Journal entirely.

From the encouragement we received for the first volume, we are induced to put the subscription down to $1.50 and would invite those who patronized the work last year to continue their subscription; and we assure them that no labor or expense will be spared to make the work worthy of the support.

Agents who have not received the first number of Vol. 2d, are requested to drop us a line, and the numbers shall be immediately forwarded to them.

S. F. & J. J. GREENOUGH, No 3 Water st.

june 25 tf

Gentlemen's Fashionable GARMENTS.

FROCK Coats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, &c. for sale, ready made, or made to measure, at OSGOOD'S, 31, Dock Square,—where is for sale a prime assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Gloves and Hosiery. tf sept 7

T. McGill—Tailor,

19 WASHINGTON street, second Floor entrance at the Corner of the Alley Way leading through to Brattle street, and next door to No. 1, Market street. ☞Cloths, &c. Cheap for Cash. june 7

Boston Bewick Company.

THE subscriber having been appointed Agent of the Boston Bewick Company, respectfully gives notice that he is now ready to receive orders in behalf of the Company, for Engravings on Wood, Steel, and Copperplate, and for Letter-Press and Copperplate Printing, in all their branches.

The Corporation have purchased the stock and tools, and taken the stand and business of the American Engraving and Printing Company, and are prepared to execute orders in the best manner, with promptness, and on reasonable terms.

The Boston Bewick Company having been established by Artists, who are employed in the same, and being incorporated by an Act of the Legislature, it is believed they will not only do credit to the name of the "restorer of the Art of Engraving on Wood," (the late Thomas Bewick,) but be able to do business to great advantage to their customers, and to the public generally.

Publishers and authors will find peculiar advantages in this establishment. Having the means of executing every branch necessary to be employed in the manufacture of Books, contracts can be made to furnish their works sterotyped, printed and embellished in a superior style, without the trouble of superintending, or looking after the same in different places.

Orders for Wood Cuts, Designs and Drawings, Maps and Charts, Cards of every description. Diplomas, and Seals, Copperplate and Xylographic Printing. Book and Job Printing, Polytyping, &c. &c

Address to FREEMAN HUNT, Agent of the Boston Bewick Company, 47 Court Street, Boston.

The undersigned respectfully inform their friends and the public that all orders intended for them will be promptly attended to on application to Mr Freeman Hunt Agent of the Boston Bewick Company.

ABEL BOWEN,
ALONZO HARTWELL,
JOHN H. HALL,
WILLIAM CROOME.
GEORGE W. BOYNTON,
JOHN C. CROSSMAN,
DANIEL H. CRAIG,
july 25 N. B. DEVEREUX, JR.

GREAT NATIONAL WORK, American Magazine OF USEFUL & ENTERTAINING KNOWLEDGE.

To be illustrated with numerous Engravings,

BY THE BOSTON BEWICK COMPANY.

THE success which has attended the publication of the best Magazines from the English Press, has led to preparations for issuing a periodical more particularly adapted to the wants and taste of the American public. While it will be the object of the proprietors to make the work strictly what its title indicates, it will nevertheless, contain all articles of interest to its patrons which appear in foreign Magazines.

Extensive preparations have been entered into, both with artists and authors, to furnish from all parts of the Union, drawings and illustrations of every subject of interest, which the publishers confidently believe will enable them to issue a work honorable to its title and acceptable to the American People.

The first number of the American Magazine, illustrated with upwards of Twenty Splendid Engravings, will appear on or before the first of September, and be continued monthly, containing between forty and fifty imperial octavo pages, and be furnished at the low price of two dollars per annum. It will comprise—

Portraits and Biographical Sketches of distinguish Americans; Views of Public Buildings, Monuments an Improvements; Landscape Scenery—the boundless variety and beauty of which, in this country, will form an unceasing source of instrution and gratification; Engravings and descriptions of the character, habits, &c. of Beasts, Birds, Fishes and Insects, together with every subject connected with the Geography, History, Natural and Artificial resources of the country, illustrated in a familiar and popular manner. FREEMAN HUNT, Agent of the Boston Bewick Company, 47 Court street,

Boston, July 17, 1834.

☞Editors throughout the U. States who will give the above Prospectus a few insertions in their respective papers, shall be entitled to one year's subscription to the same. july 26

Note Paper.

AN assortment of elegant NOTE PAPER,—gilt edged English, and assorted French—for sale by J R. NEWHALL. Lynn, May 10.

Lynn Book Store,

TWO DOORS EAST OF THE HOTEL.

BOOKS and Stationary of every description constantly on hand.

Schools and Libraries supplied at short notice on the best terms.

Paper of all kinds, by the ream or at retail.

Quills, wholesale and retail.

Blank Books, of the various kinds and qualities.

Fine Cutlery, Cards, Pictures, Perfumery, and a great variety of Fancy articles.

☞All articles in his line, which he may not have on hand when called for, will be promptly furnished by the subscriber. J. R. NEWHALL.

Lynn, April 12.

Semi Annual Sale Boots, Shoes, &c

THE next Semi Annual Sale of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, LEATHER, &c, by auction in the City of Boston will take place on or about the 1st of September. Particulars of which given in future papers. The Subscriber will receive and make advances on goods intended for the above Sale. T. B. MACKAY, Auct.

Lynn, july 19 No 5 Broad street. Boston.

Printing.

ORDERS for Printing, of every description, received at the Bookstore of the Subscriber, 2 doors east of the Hotel, and executed with neatness and despatch. A job establishment will be kept in operation at Lynn, but all orders for Book-work, and Jobs out of the ordinary line, will be executed at one of the first establishments in the city.

BOOK-BINDING.

Orders for Bookbinding, of every description, received as above. J. R. NEWHALL.

Lynn, April 12.

Violin Strings.

A PRIME lot of VIOLIN STRINGS, for sale at the Bookstore, 2 doors East of the Hotel.

Lynn, April 26.

Variety Store.

JAMES M. USHER.

WOULD respectfully inform his friends and the public that he has taken the Stand in Market street, opposite the Store of John Alley, 3d, where he intends to keep an assortment of

ALL KINDS OF BREAD,

With cakes of every description—of the best quality—including

Flour Loaves	Butter Crackers.
Rye and Indian do	Milk Biscuit
Flour and Indian do	Fancy Cakes, all kinds
Patent Dyspepsia do	Butter Milk Crackers
Ship Bread	Wafers
Hard and Soft Crackers	Bride Cake
Rolls and Buns	Sponge do
Cup Cakes, &c.	Pies, Custards, &c. &c.

Also, Box Raisins, Pine Apples, Oranges and Lemons Melons, and the usual Fruits of the season, with a variety of Confectionary; Soda and Mead, with other seasonable refreshments—conducive to health and comfort.

Also, as above, a general assortment of Shoe Makers Tools tf Lynn, August 9.

New Firm.

THE Subscribers would respectfully inform their friends, and the public generally, that they have associated themselves in business under the firm of *PROCTOR & RHODES*,

And have taken the stock of Mr Geo Lummus, consisting of *DRUGS, MEDICINES, GROCERIES*, and a variety of Fancy and convenient articles. Their business will be conducted at the Old Stand, under Masonic Hall, where they will be happy to wait on those who may favor them with their custom.

A prime Assortment of *W. I. GOODS*, will be kept constantly on hand, and sold as low as at any other establishment.

N. B. Particular attention paid to the putting up and delivery of Medicines.

BENJ PROCTOR,

Lynn, Aug 9 3t WM W. RHODES,

Union Fire and Marine Insurance COMPANY, IN LYNN,

GIVE notice that their Capital Stock is FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, which is all paid in and invested according to law and that they continue to make Fire Insurance for any amount not exceeding $3500 on any one risk; and Marine Insurance for any amount not exceeding $3500 on any one risk, at their office in Nahant Bank Building.

H. A. BREED, President.

Isaac Story, Secretary.

Lynn, April 5. tf

DR E. A. KITTREDGE, MARKET STREET, OVER THE OFFICE OF ISAAC GATES,

LYNN, Mass.

Dr E. A. K. may be found during the night and at meal times, at the House of Mr Otis Wright opposite his Office.

Lynn, April 26.

New England Coffee House, CLINTON STREET—BOSTON.

THE Subscriber having become the sole lessee of the NEW ENGLAND COFFEE HOUSE, would inform its patrons and the public generally, that his constant attention and untiring efforts will be given to sustain the reputation of the House, and to deserve, if possible, the large measure of encouragement so generously bestowed upon it. DANIEL LONG.

N. B. The STABLES connected with the new England are as commodious as those of any other establishment in the city. 2mq june 7

Satin Beaver Hat Factory.

T. O. BRISCALL, the original manufacturer of *SATIN BEAVER HATS* in the New England States, respectfully informs the public that he continues the business at No 2, Congress Square where the customers of the late firm of Briscall & Jackson can be supplied as heretofore. tf july 5

Rich Dress Stocks.

FASHIONABLE styles of bow, and plain plaited; bow, plain and handkerchief Satin and Mohair *STOCKS*, made in the best manner, for sale by the dozen or single at KIMBALL'S, 12 Washington street.

may 31

Concentrated Essence of Jamaica GINGER.

THIS article contains all the virtues of the best Jamaica Ginger, in a concentrated state, and is far more convenient and preferable for family use than pulverized root. It will retain its strength and purity to any length of time, while the powder soon loses its qualities, besides being generally adulterated with some inert substance. The Essence of Ginger has been long celebrated in Europe for its medicinal qualities, particularly for Stomach and Bowel Complaints, General Debility, Rheumatic Affections and Dyspepsia. It is the best preparation for making Ginger Beer, Syrup, Tea, &c.—A tea spoonful in a glass of sweetened water makes a very agreeable beverage in hot weather; a few drops in a glass of ice water or lemonade will prevent any injurious effects; no one article has been used with better success as a preventive to Cholera.

It is warranted equal in every respect to the English; is put up in bottles, with suitable directions, containing four times the quantity and will be sold for half the price;

CREAM OF SOAP, FOR SHAVING.

This article is superior to the celebrated Naples Soap, in its composition, being made of much finer materials, and having the peculiar properties of that Soap, to a much greater degree. It contains but very little alkali, leaves the skin soft and agreeable, and will be found invaluable to all persons afflicted with hard and strong beards.

The extensive sales made during the last year, and the increasing demand for this Soap, is a proof that it stands high in the estimation of the public. It is put up in neat China Shaving Boxes with covers, and will be sold cheap.

SARSAPARILLA MEAD SYRUP.

This article, when used with Soda Powders, instead of Lemon Syrup, produces the Sarsaparilla Mead, in the highest state of perfection.

The above articles are prepared and sold at the Tremont Laboratory, 173, Tremont street. Sold also by TROTT & CO, 128 State street Boston. july 12

Old Java Coffee,

ROASTED, ground, and put up in neat cannisters, Also, ready for use. Pulverized Loaf Sugar, a beautiful article for bar or family use. For sale by J. W. CARTER, Bromfield street. tf june 28

Notice.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and customers that he has taken the Store corner of South st, a few rods west of the Hotel, where he intends keeping an assortment of Morocco Leather Kid, Neats Leather, Alum Skins for Aprons, English Skivers. For sale on as good terms as can be purchased elsewhere G. P. BRACKETT

Lynn, Aug 16

Notice.

WHEREAS my Wife came away from Methuen not long since with a man by the name of Putney and is now lodging in this town this is to forbid all persons harboring or trusting her on my account or purchasing any furniture now in William Easte's Jr house as this is the second time I have had to post her for going with other men

ASA BARKER

Lynn Aug 23 3t*

Household Articles for Sale.

THE Subscriber has for sale at his house, Commercial street a variety of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, which he will dispose of at less than cost if applied for soon. Among the rest are 6 Feather Beds, 6 Under Beds, 8 Bedsteads, 2 sets of Chairs, a Coffee Urn, &c. &c. Those in want of the above articles will find it for their advantage to call. The whole or any part of the above will be sold cheap, for cash, or approved notes.

Also, for sale, cheap, a good Shoe maker's Shop, on the premises.

EDWARD S. FOWLER,

Commercial street 2d door from the meetinghouse

Lynn. Aug 9 3t

Selectmen's Notice.

THE Selectmen of Lynn will be in session at the Selectmen's Room, on the first Monday in each month, from 2 to 4 o'clock P. M.

Lynn, july 19 tf SAM'L NEAL, Chairman.

For Sale.

A COMMODIOUS Dwelling-House together with a Barn and out buildings, and about eighty rods of tillage Land, under and adjoining, situated in Lynn at *Nahant*, nearly opposite Rice's Hotel, being the same Messuage formerly occupied by Mr Abner Hood.

For terms and conditions of sale apply to the subscriber at his office in Lynn J. C. STICKNEY.

Lynn, June 28 tf

New Finding Store.

N. A. BREED would respectfully give notice that he has just opened, at the Store, one door East of the Hotel, A GENERAL FINDING STORE.

Shoemakers' Tools of every description will be kept constantly on hand, for sale on the most reasonable terms.

Fruit, of all kinds, both native and imported in its season.

Pastry of every kind in general use—Pies, Cakes, &c &c.

Together with every other article usually found at such establishments.

Also—Gentlemen's Stocks made and repaired by a first rate manufacturer, as above.

Lynn, June 7 3m

Joseph Edwards, Jr—Tailor.

Masonic Square, Lynn.

CONTINUES to execute all orders in his line, with promptness, and in the best style. Having none but first rate workmen, he feels confident that all garments made by him will suffer nothing by comparison with those from the first tailoring establishments in the city. Terms, *Cash*. All orders gratefully received.

Gentlemen's Vestings, Stock, Collars, &c &c, constantly on hand for sale.

WANTED, as above—A number of small Job Makers; none but the best—to whom the highest price will be given

Lynn, April 12.

Lynn Mechanics Fire and MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY,

GIVE notice that their Capital Stock is FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, which is all paid in and invested according to law, and that they continue to make Fire Insurance, for any amount not exceeding $3500 on one risk, and Marine Insurance, for any amount not exceeding $3500 on one risk, at their office, Lynn Mechanics Bank.

MICAJAH C. PRATT, President.

A. Rhodes, Sec'y

Lynn, April 5. tf

Lynn Circulating Library,

TWO doors east of the Hotel. Open at all hours of the day, and until 8 o'clock in the evening. april 12

Removal.

WILLIAM CROSS, *TAILOR*.

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has removed to the shop formerly occupied by Joseph P. Jackson, directly opposite the First Methodist Meeting House, where he would invite all those that feel disposed, to give him their support, that he engages to fulfil all orders in his line of business with neatness and despatch. Thankful for past favors and a continuance solicited.

N. B. Garments cut and made are warranted or no compensation required

Lynn, June 28 tf

ROPES & LAMSON, MERCHANT TAILORS,

HAVE received a complete assortment of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Trimmings, Gloves, Dickeys, &c, &c. Also, Rodgers celebrated Stocks.

N. B. They continue to cut and manufacture Gentlemen's Garments in the latest fashion and in a style not to be excelled at any other establishment. Their friends and the public in general, are respectfully invited to call at Alley's Building, Market street.

Beef, Pork, Beans, &c.

200 BBLS Mess Beef,
150 do No 1 do.
80 do Clear Pork.
100 do Mess do.
150 bushels Pea Beans.
40 kegs Northern Lard.
3 tons Russia Cheese.
1 ton Sheetings.

With a general assortment of W. I. Goods, by wholesale and retail, at No 20 Central wharf. 3w june 21

MISCELLANIES.

LINES DISTRIBUTED BY MR DURANT,

During his Ascension from Boston Common, in August.

Along the hollow upper sky
Fast, fast my silken bard doth fly,
Till scarce the loud exulting cheer
Of thousands, whispers in mine ear;
Till scarce my straining eyes can trace
The tall ships on their pathless race,
Or gleaming dome, or glittering spire,
Illumed with Heaven's own golden fire,
Or spreading bay, or pouring flood,
Or verdant hill—or waving wood!

Gone! gone!—Earth's varied shore,
The sea's blue face I see no more!
Lost are their features to my gaze,
All mingled in one general haze!
Alone, alone! I journey on,
Where ne'er hath venturous pinion flown.
Above, above the gazing crowd,
Above, above the sailing cloud;
No mortal voice to cheer my flight,
And all unmarked by mortal sight!

Yet not alone! for Him who guides
The sea-boy o'er the rolling tides,
And bears him safely o'er the foam,
Unto blazing hearth of home,
And leads the pilgrim by the hand
O'er quaking bog, and burning sand,
Is watching with paternal care.
The wanderer's pathway through the air,
And kindly will his flight sustain,
To mingle with mankind again.

ALEXANDER WILSON. His attention was first turned to natural history in general as appears from a letter to a friend, in which he describes the state of his own apartment crowded with opossums, squirrels, snakes, lizards, and birds, in such numbers, that they gave it the appearance of Noah's ark, though Noah had a wife in it, and was in that respect more favored than he. While others were busy in getting money, his heart was bent on gaining a familiarity with the works of nature. Though specimens did not come of their own accord to his ark as to that of the patriarch, he found that small donations, judiciously applied, had sufficient power to attract them, and he says' in proof of it, that one boy, knowing his taste, had brought him a whole basketful of crows. One little incident is so beautifully illustrative of his character, that it must be given in his own words.—'One of my boys caught a mouse in school a few days ago, and directly marched up to me with his prisoner. I set about drawing it that same evening; and, all the while, the pantings of its little heart showed, that it was in the most extreme agonies of fear. I had intended to kill it in order to fix it in the claws of a stuffed owl; but happening to spill a few drops of water where it was tied, it lapped it up with such eagerness of supplicating terror, as perfectly overcame me. I immediately untied it and restored it to life and liberty. The agonies of a prisoner at the stake, while the fire and instruments of torture preparing, could not be more severe than the sufferings of that poor mouse; and, insignificant as the object was, I felt at that moment the sweet sensations that mercy leaves on the mind, when she triumphs over cruelty.' Doubtless there are readers who would laugh at such feelings; but if they will reflect they will see, that it is no subject of rejoicing, that they have not been created with minds and hearts, capable of sympathizing with such a man as Wilson.—*Sparks' Biography.*

BALAAM THE SECOND. Mr Bennet, the celebrated Ventriloquist, was one day traveling through a little village in Ayshire, when coming up to a smithy, he spied a very reverend lookinging, broken down gelding waiting patiently until vulcan should fit him with an old shoe. Entering the smithy, he fell into conversation with the blacksmith.

'A fine morning this smith.'

'What's your wull, sir?' said the smith raising his eyes from his employment.

'Rather worn out, this poor beast. How old may he be?'

'Oh, I can tell ye hoo auld he is to a day. He's just sax-an'-thirty come candlemas,' replied the smith.

'Nonsense! he cannot be so old as that. What may your age be, old boy?' giving the animal a pat on the head.

'Deed, sir,' (seemingly) answered the gelding, who seemed all of a sudden to have got an excellent tongue in his head, 'deed, sir, ye're spierin' a very impudent question.'

Vulcan stared.

'Why! I meant no offence; but I doubt not the blacksmith is rather exaggerating. You cannot be so old as he says you are, for you seem like a young, fresh, able-looking animal.'

'Weel, sir, honestly an' truly,' replied the old hack evidently flattered, 'I think you are a very sensible chiel, on' I'm really no sae auld's I look like; an' John there can tell a lie as weels his nei'bors. I'm ony two-an-thretty, as sure's death?'

John threw down his hammer and nail-box, and rushed out at the door, exclaiming, 'The Lord preserve us I've been shoein' the deevil!'

John raised the village by his outcries about the 'deevil,' but ere he returned to the smithy, the Ventriloquist was off.

TURKISH INGENUITY During the Festival of the Bairam, an inhabitant of the village of Funduckli had dressed his child, about two years old, in a shawl and a cap ornamented with pieces of gold, and intrusted it to a slave, who left it for a moment seated in the court of the house On his return the child was gone, and every search for it proved fruitless. The father applied to the Seraskier, entreating him to enquire into the circumstances. This officer reflected that the child could not have been carried far, on account of his cries, and therefore must have been taken by one of the neighbors. He did not communicate this idea to any one, but directed one of his messengers to go to the village of Funduckli at the hour of prayer, to enter the mosque, and summon the Iman (or priest) to come immediately to his palace. When the Iman came into the presence of the Seraskier, he received a positive injunction to come to him again on the morrow, and give him the name of the person who first came to inquire of him the cause of his being sent for by the Seraskier. The Turks in general pay little attention to the affairs of others, not even to those of their priests—consequently, on returning to the mosque one man only came to him to ask the cause of so sudden a summons. The Iman replied, that it was only relating to a firman which he was to have read, but which was withdrawn. However, on being informed by the Iman of what had passed, the Seraskier caused the inquisitive Man to be arrested, and discovered the body of the child concealed under the staircase of his house, and thus proved that it was he who had carried it off. He was sentenced to be instantly drowned.

ASTHMA. We learn from an intelligent friend, who has long been afflicted with this most distressing complaint, that the fumes of burning paper, saturated with solution of saltpetre, gives him perfect relief.—He keeps a quantity of the paper—which has been simply soaked in strong saltpetre water, and afterwards dried—constantly on hand, and on the recurrence of a paroxysm obtains almost instant relief from burning half a sheet or a sheet in his room. Others who have been similarly affected, have tried it with corresponding benefit. In no case has it been known to fail, so far as his information extends. We deem the testimony sufficient to warrant the publication of the prescription which certainly has the merit of simplicity. If it shall prove generally efficacious, its value is beyond price. It can be readily tested.—*Newark Daily Adv.*

To Builders.

THE subscriber has on hand a large and superior lot of Granite Posts, Caps, Asles, Steps, Belting Platforms, Street Posts, Moulded and Plain Window Caps and Sills, of every dimension, which will be sold at a low rate for cash or undoubted paper. *Monuments* cut in a superior style, and at short notice. Contracts will be made for any amount of Granite, at as low a rate as can be had by J. M. THOMPSON' Agent for the New Hampshire State Prison, office No 15 Long wharf. may 31

Elegant Jewelry.

AT BRUCE & CO'S.—Fine gold, cameos, jasper, agate ornamental Gold stone, white and red cornelian Ear Rings, just received from New York on consignment, and must be sold—they will be offered for 25 per cent less than ever before, at 251 Washington street (7 doors south Marlboro' Hotel). aug 9

Removal.

NEW NORTH BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

DAVID MARDEN JR. respectfully informs his customers and the public in general that he has removed from 207 Ann street, to the first store on the right hand from Ann street, on the new street leading to Hanover street, where he intends keeping a general assortment of BOOTS & SHOES and other articles in his line.

☞ N. B.—Repairing done in the neatest manner with punctuality and despatch. aug 23

Wanted!

A YOUNG MAN of this city engaged in a lucrative and respectable business wishes for a partner for life. He is 27 years of age, tall, of a good figure, has dark eyes, and good teeth. He has no living relatives consequently the sum total of his affections will be bestowed upon his wife. He is anxious to connect himself with a female not far from his own age of good figure and a passable face; one whose tongue will not outstrip the noise and speed of modern cotton machinery. She must have sense enough to keep her person neat, and save herself from being burnt.—She must not be a novel reader, a *squallerino*, or a piano thumper, the advertiser, having suffered sufficiently in that way at the several houses it has been his good fortune to board at for the last six years;—Applicants for the situation can address C. R. at this office.

All communications will be perfectly confidential Aug 23 3tq

To Gentlemen.

1 CASE Cravats,—Latest English Style—Received this day direct from London by J. G. WYMAN, No 8 Court street June 28

Plaid Silk Cravats.

AN assortment of fashionable plaid Silk Cravats—rich striped and plain Stocks, for sale at KIMBALL'S, 12 Washington street. may 31

20,000 Pr. India Rubber Shoes.

JUST RECEIVED.

5000 Pr. Elegant figured Shoes.
5000 do Mens large and stout do.
10,000 pr Men and Women's assorted do.

For Sale in lots and price to suit purchases for cash or credit by THOMAS C. WALES.
aug 16 2m No 195 Washington Street.

Superfine Cutlery,

TEMPERED by the unrivalled Metalic Bath, manufactured and warranted of superior quality by O. T. TYLER, Canton, Mass.

GUNN & BRIDGE, Hard ware Dealers, No 9 Merchants Row, Boston, having been appointed sole Agents for the manufacturer, are now ready to receive orders for any articles in that line, and have on sale an assortment of Pen and Pocket Knives, from 1 to 3 blades, which dealers are invited to call and examine.

☞ Penknives, Razors, and Surgical Instruments repaired.

***A variety of Hard ware Goods at wholesale or retail, for sale as above. 5t aug 23

Cloths, Cassimeres & Sattinets.

40 PACKAGES Broadcloths, including every variety of quality, color and shade; 25 do plain and striped Cassimeres, various qualities and colors; 50 do do Satinets.

ALSO—Packages 4-4 & 6-4 Merinos, just received, and for sale by W. & S. PHIPPS, 77, Kilby street.
aug 23 3w

TREMONT COFFEE HOUSE,

BOSTON.

THE Subscribers respectfully give notice to their friends and customers, that, in connexion with the Tremont Restorator, they have now in readiness for the reception of visitors, their new establishment, the *TREMONT COFFEE HOUSE*, in Court square, opposite the new Court House. At this Refectory, dinners will be served regularly, at 2 o'clock each day: at the Restorator at 1 o'clock, as usual. Suppers provided for Parties and Clubs at the shortest notice, and every convenience prepared attention given for the accommodation *of he permanent boarder or the transient guest.*

H. D. PARKER.
aug 23 2m GEORGE COREY,

Boots and Shoes.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has taken store No 2 North Market street, corner of Commercial street, sign of the Golden Boot, where he intends keeping a general assortment of Boots, Shoes, Shoe Stock, &c,, which he will sell at very low prices, for cash.

The subscriber would also inform his friends and former patrons, that he continues to manufacture Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes, and repairs the same, in the first manner, and solicits a continuance of their patronage.
aug 23 1m OLIVER AYERS, Agent.

People's Magazine, No 12.

JUST published by LILLY, WAIT & CO'S, 121 Washington street. CONTENTS, Substance used for human food—Philosophy of Clouds and Lightning—Camel Fights—A Caravan of Pilgrims—Phrenology, No 2—Goat Moth Caterpillar—Praising the Dead—Study of Human Nature—Disgust with high Life—Ten Thousand houses burning—Boston. aug 23

Electrical Machines and Galvanic Batteries,

manufactured at 54 Cornhill, Boston.

THE undersigned has on hand and constantly making, Plate and Cylinder Electrical Machines, of various sizes and prices, from $15 to $300, including medical apparatus. Also, Galvanic Batteries or single Troughs, constructed on the plan of Professor Hare, (the one most approved) where the two surfaces of the zinc plates are exposed to the acid in copper cases. He has just completed a superb Plate Electrical Machine, nearly 3 feet diameter, and a large Galvanic Battery, of 800 surfaces of zinc, worthy the attentionoi those who purchase for public institutions or private use. The whole of which he warrants made of the best materials, and finished equal to any imported or made in this country, and of superior power. As he has no authorized Agent for the sale of his Machines or Apparatus, he therefore can, and is determined to sell, when the articles are of equal quality, ten per ct less than can be bought for at stores where they are usually deposited for sale on commission, and also a liberal credit if required. Gentlemen Teachers, and those connected with seminaries, are respectfully invited to call at his room and view his apparatus before purchasing. Directions respecting lightning conductors can also be obtained. WM KING.
aug 23 1m

Mustard,

WARRANTED of Superior Quality, Fine and Superfine, in Kegs, Canisters and Bottles, for sale Wholesale and Retail, by DEXTER DANA, Corner of Cross and Ann Streets, Boston.

N. B. All kinds of Spices, ground at short notice. Also, Coffee, burnt and ground, for retailing.
Aug 16 1m

Clothes Warehouse.

C. KEMP, Draper and Tailor, No 34 Merchants' row (opposite the southeast corner of Faneuil Hall) Boston, has just received a prime assortment of *BROADCLOTHS*, of English, French, German, and American manufactures; colors, Blues, Blacks, Adelaides, Mulberries, Invisible Greens, Clarets, Russell and Olive Browns, Olives and Bronzes, Greens, Drabs, Lavenders, and Oxford, Steel, and French Mixtures

Also—a superb assortment of London, French and American *CASSIMERES*, of the most fashionable shades and colors. Also—Satin Florentine, Silk, Alpine, Marseilles and Valencia *VESTINGS*, of the most fashionable patterns. The above consists of extra fine, middling and low priced qualities, which will be sold or made up to order in the most approved fashion, and on the most reasonable terms for cash.

Also—a most splendid assortment of *READY MADE CLOTHING*, consisting of Dress and Frock Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, Jackets, Shirts, Stocks, and other fancy articles usually found in such an establishment.

R. C. K. has on hand a large assortment of low priced Ready made Clothing, of every variety suitable for Whalemen or the Country trade, all of which will be sold at wholesale or retail, at great bargains for cash or approved credit.

Purchasers in want of any of the above goods, are respectfully requested to call and examine before purchasing.

N. B. Particular attention paid to *CUTTING.*
july 5 tf

Braman's Bathing House and SWIMMING SCHOOL.

At the bottom of Chestnut street, near the Mill Dam.

THE Bathing House is now open for the reception of Ladies and Gentlemen—hot and cold salt water Baths will be furnished from sunrise till 9 P. M.—a female attendant will be constantly in attendance in the part of the building devoted to Ladies.

Gentlemen are informed that the Swimming School is open for their reception on the same terms as heretofore.
june 21 1m

300

Grass Cloth Jackets,

FOR SALE EXTREMELY LOW, by JOHN G. WYMAN, No 8, Court street. may 24

Removal.

CALVIN ELLIS, M. D. has removed from No 21 to 16 Summer street, next to Trinity church, directly opposite his former stand.

DR ELLIS would take this opportunity to inform his friends and the public generally that, in connexion with his practice as a *PHYSICIAN*, he continues to perform *OPERATIONS ON THE TEETH.* Having had several years experience in that branch of his profession, he hopes to meet the entire satisfaction of any he may need his services as a Dentist. tf aug 15

Graham Bread.

DAVID WOODMAN Jr. will (at the request of many of his customers,) deliver this BREAD in any part of the City, from this date.

FAMILIES can be supplied by leaving their directions at 238. WASHINGTON, or 19 HANOVER STREET.

D. W. Jr. has made arrangements for a supply of the best WHEAT. It will be ground by his direction.

MR SAMUEL NEWMARCH will attend personally to the Manufacture and Baking of this Bread, and Customers may be certain of always having a *superior article.*
Boston, may 31 3tis&costf

PARASOLS.

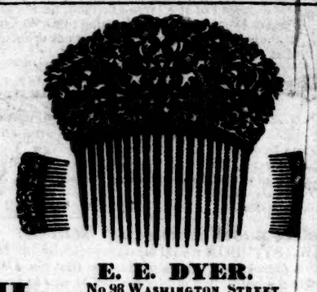
A GREAT variety of NEW STYLES for sale by JOSEPH L. BATES,
may 31 next the Court House, Court street.

The highly improved Laces

SPRING BACK BOARDS.

FOR those afflicted with weakness in the shoulders or inclined to stoop, the above named article is decidedly the best ever introduced for those objections. The only sure way for persons to have the article to fit well and set easy, is to be measured expressly for it.

The Subscriber will wait personally upon those persons at their places of residence who cannot make it convenient to call at his Room. Stocks and Suspenders of the various kinds made to order at short notice at Chambers, No 33, School street, opposite McAllon's Church. T H. FOSER,
may 17 Successor to J. G. SUTE.



E. E. DYER.

No 98 WASHINGTON STREET.

HAS on hand, and is constantly receiving from the manufacturers, additional supplies of the following articles, which he offers at wholesale or retail at as low prices as goods of the same quality can be purchased in the city.

Tortoise Shell Combs, viz;—Wrought top India and American Carved Combs, some very rich, from 3 to $15 each; wrought long round combs; India wrought side combs; plain combs from $1 to 6 each; plain quill-back combs; side combs, 1 to 1 1-2 inch teeth; plain round do; plain neck do; dressing and pocket do, superior quality.

Ivory Combs, viz;—Superfine, super-superfine extra-superfine, ne plus ultra, and extra wide do; ivory dressing do; pocket do, double and single.

Imitation Shell Combs, viz;—Carved top do; stamped and pressed do, of various patterns.

Dressing and Pocket Combs. viz;—Horn dressing do; English, French, and American oval, swelling case, crescent, and common pocket do.

Fancy Articles—Bead Reticules, purses and necklaces; buckskin and fancy purses; ever pointed silver pencil cases; lead points; lead pencils: silver thimbles; over spectacles; plated and steel do; corset rings; snuff boxes; fancy boxes; wafers, in boxes; ready made pens, in boxes; German shaving glasses, with drawers.

Pockets Books, &c. viz;—Wallet, double and single, with steel clasp and spring; note cases; memorandum books; pocket books and wallets, with plated clasps, calf, sheep skin, and common gilt pocket books.

Brushes, &c. viz;—Clothes, hair, tooth, comb and shaving brushes. shaving boxes, &c.

Beads, viz;—Black and fancy colored cut Beads; jet and fancy colored seed do, gilt and steel do.

Perfumery and Fancy Soaps, in all their variety.

Bear's Oil, and Ward's Vegetable Oil, for the growth of the Hair.

Depilatory for removing superfluous Hair.

Vegetable Dye, for changing red or grey Hair to a beautiful brown or black. may 1

Chelsea House.

THE Subscriber would inform his friends and the public generally, that he will continue to entertain them at the above establishment, and having made considerable improvement in and about the same, he hopes to merit a continuance of patronage from the numerous visitors of this pleasant and fashionable resort. Its location readers it a delightful residence for boarders, especially during the warm weather—and the convenience of its accommodations, the charming prospect from its observatory, and the cool and refreshing breezes that distinguish it in summer, render it a very pleasant retreat for those in pursuit of health or pleasure.

Every attention will be paid to those who may visit this establishment, and no pains spared to make it a pleasant and agreeable resort to such as may honor him with their patronage. JAMES BRIDE.
Chelsea, may 31, 1834

WORCESTER RAIL ROAD.

Refreshment House, Boston.

J. S. AMES, at the head of the Rail Road in rear of the office, Washington street, is prepared to furnish ladies and gentlemen with every variety of refreshment usually found at such an establishment—except ardent spirits. He has fitted up and furnished a large Saloon for ladies which is in full view of the Rail Road for nearly a mile and will be handsomely lighted every evening.

J. S. A. at his well known Store and Manufactory No 13 Essex street, near Boylston Market, continues to manufacture all kinds of *CONFECTIONARY*, and sells wholesale and retail cheaper than can be found elsewhere in the city.

N. B. He also takes this opportunity of returning thanks to his former customers fo their very liberal patronage years past, and solicits theirs, with the public, for the future. may 14

Kentucky Tobacco.

60 HHDS Kentucky Leaf Tobacco,
20 do Bull's eye do.
For sale by JOHN CLARK, Jr, No 30, Long wharf.
june 21

Printing Presses, &c.

THE BOSTON TYPE AND STEREOTYPE FOUNDRY, No 39 Congress street, have on hand a general assortment of Printing and Standing Presses of the various sizes and prices. They furnish also the Tufts' Presses, which has met so generally the approbation of Printers in this city and many other places. Orders for Types, Printing Materials and Stereotype plates, in all their variety, executed promptly and in the best manner. Orders may be addressed to J. GORHAM ROGERS, Agent for the Co. august 2

Summer Hair Stocks.

AN additional assortment of beautiful Hair Stocks, also a new article made of Bristles just finished and for sale at KIMBALL'S Gentlemen's Furnishing Warehouse, No 12, Washington street. aug 2

Iron Casting.

CHARLES TURNER will execute, with neatness and despatch, (at his Iron Foundry, corner of Hawkins and Ivers streets, Boston,) orders for Machinery, Stoves and Stove Boilers, Coal Grates, Fire Frames, Pipe and Short Boxes, Piano Forte Plates cast and finished; Clock Weights—and all other articles of Iron Casting, too numerous to mention.

The above castings will be made of as good stock, and on as reasonable terms, as at any other foundry in this city.

C. T. trusts, by a particular attention to business, and utmost endeavors to please customers, to merit and receive a share of the public patronage.

Orders for castings left in Order Box No 96 Mechanics' Reading Room, will be duly attended to. jan 25

Notice to Contractors and BUILDERS.

IN the City and Country. The Patent Flooring Establishment and Steam Saw Mill having been erected, and the Planing Mill now in operation, at the junction of Dedham and Front streets enter above John D. Williams house at 746 Washington street, the proprietors offer for sale, Southern yellow pine Flooring Boards reduced to an equal thickness and width, tongued and grooved, or square edges; Stepping Boards, or wide stuff for stairs, planed to thickness, 10a18 inches wide 1 1-4a3 inches thick; Oil Cask Heading ready planed—all of sea soned stuff; 300 tons southern yellow pine Timber, from 15 to 50 feet long, 12 to 19 inches square.

White pine Flooring can also be furnished, dressed, grooved or square edged, of such width thickness and lengths, as may be required, and convenient to transport in the country.

Under Flooring planed to thickness, width to 22 inches.

The Saw mill will be in operation soon, when timber may be taken from the dock and sawed as may be required, at short notice.

The Proprietors of this establishment offer to contract to furnish any quantity of dressed Flooring Boards.

Orders left at the establishment will be punctually attended to.

Hands wanted to attend circular saws. Two or three good boys can be employed. july 12

ANDRE & LOVELL,
Clothes Warehouse,
TUDOR'S BUILDING,
Third door from Court street, BOSTON.

Bathing House,

CRAIGIE'S BRIDGE.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of this city, that the House and Rooms at this *favorite Bathing Place*, have recently been fitted up in the best manner, and are now ready for the reception of visitors.

The FEMALE BATHING DEPARTMENT, is constantly ready for the accommodation of the Ladies, with good female attendants.

Hot and cold Salt Water Baths may be obtained at any hour from Sunrise to 10 o'clock in the evening.

Tickets for sale at the Office adjoining the Bathing House, Craigie's Bridge. AUGUSTUS GRANT.
Boston, July 12th, 1834.

LADIES' & GENTLEMEN'S WIGS,

MADE to order and in the latest and most approved style, at E. E. DYER'S, 98 Washington st.

Ready Made Linen.

LINEN and Cotton SHIRTS, Shirt COLLARS and BOSOMS, of every style and quality, for sale at KIMBALL'S, 12 Washington street. may 3

Mattresses.

A LARGE assortment of prime Curled Hair Mattresses, for sale by JOHN G. FLAGG, at No 18 corner of Union and Marshall streets.
july 19 3mis

Removal.

SAMUEL G. B. EATON respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has removed his Neck Stock & Suspender Manufactory, Ready made Linen, Hosiery, and Glove Store, from 429 Washington Street to No 8 Hanover Street lately occupied by Mr Chs Elms as a book Store, where may be found the above articles with many others appertaining to a gentlemans wardrobe which will be sold as low for cash at any Store in New nEgland. tf july 12

Terms Cash.

JOHN G. WYMAN, MERCHANT TAILOR, respectfully informs the customers of the late firm of WYMAN & FISHER, and the public generally that he continues the business at the *Old Stand*, No 8, Court street, and has made arrangements to do a CASH BUSINESS, by which he will be enabled to furnish garments at ten to fifteen per cent le s than prices usually charged. Gentlemen from the country, and others who purchase for cash, will find it to their advantage to call and examine before purchasing; they will at all times find a large assortment of *FASHIONABLE GOODS*, suitable for the season, which will be made up to order in the most approved fashion. Also, on hand, a few *READY MADE GARMENTS*, which will be sold at great bargains.

Also, a large variety of New York and Philadelphia *STOCKS*, of the most approved and fashionable patterns. tf jan 18

Prints, Furnitures & Cambrics.

W & S. PHIPPS, 77 Kilby street, have just received, 150 packages Prints, Furnitures and Cambrics, comprising a very extensive assortment, which will be offered on the most favorable terms, by the package or piece. 3w aug 23

Stocks.

RETAIL STOCK & SUSPENDER MANUFACTORY at Chambers No 33 School Street T. H. FOSTER Successor to J. G. SHUTE.
aug 16 tf

Tanner's Emigrant's Guide.

VIEW of the Valley of the Mississippi, or the Emigrant's and Traveller's Guide to the West. Containing a general description of that entire country; and also notices of the soil, productions, rivers, and other channels of intercourse and trade; and likewise of the cities and towns, progress of education, &c of each State and Territory.

"Westward the star of empire takes its way."

Received by LILLY, WAIT & CO 121 Washington street may 10

A Certain Cure for Corns!

A. PRATT, respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Boston and its vicinity, that he has a man in his employ who has had a long experience both in Europe and America, in making LASTS to measure—fitting deformed feet—those troubled with Corns, &c—and who will execute any order in the neatest and most fashionable style, and warrant the Lasts to fit.

june 21 2mis2mos 17 Exchange street.

Philadelphia Stocks.

RECEIVED this day, 1 case Tennent's Neck Stocks; super Ozonian; Corded Silk, Satin and Bombazine dress, ties and plain; super White Satin with dress ties, of the latest English and Philadelphia styles.—Also, a splendid assortment of Spitalfield Hdkfs, and English Black and Fancy Silk Cravats, At J. G. WYMAN'S No 8 Court street. tf may 3

Summer Article.

SILK BANDS to serve for the neck in place of Stocks during the warm weather, a comfortable article for sale at KIMBALLS 12 Washington street.
july 12

Removal.

S. MASON, *PORTRAIT PAINTER*, has removed from No 19 Washington street to No 77 Cornhill formerly Market street.

☞ Specimens of his work may be seen at his room.
may 17

Whips and Trunks.

WILLIAM C. MUNROE, WHIP MANUFACTURER, No. 4 Exchange street, near Dock square, Whips and Trunks of all kinds made to order. Trunks of all kinds on hand.

Trunks and Whips repaired at short notice. may 17

Spring Fashion.

ANDRE & LOVELL, (Clothes Warehouse, Tudor's Building, third door from Court street) respectfully invite their customers and the public to call and and see their Spring Fashions, just received.

Together with a good assortment of English and French *GOODS*, which they will have made up to in order first rate style, on as reasonable terms as any other establishment in the city. Amongst the Goods is a new and very superior article for Summer Coats and Pantaloons. Also on hand, a variety of Pantaloons, Vests, and some superfine Coats, which will be sold low for cash. Likewise, an elegant assortment of superior made Stocks, Suspenders, Gloves, Hdkfs, &c. may 10

Andrew S. Fisher.

LATE of the firm of Wyman & Fisher, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has taken Store No 15 Hanover street, opposite the Massachusetts Coffee House, where he would be happy to wait upon his customers as formerly. A prime assortment of *BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERS & VESTINGS*, will constantly be kept on hand. Garments made to order, and cut in the neatest manner, at shortest notice.

A complete supply of *STOCKS, NECKCLOTHS, SUSPENDERS, GLOVES*, &c, always found at the establishment as above. 2m july 19

Notice.

THE subscribers would inform their friends and the public in general, that they will keep constantly on hand the following articles, manufactured at the West Boston Iron Foundry, at wholesale or retail, at furnace prices—viz:

Fire Frames; Oven, Boiler, and Ash Doors; Window Weights; Potato Steamers; Iron Fence, of different patterns and styles, put up in good style and workmanship, by the most experienced workman in the city; Kitchen Grates, for cooking with coal; Iron Dogs; Pipe Boxes; Grates and Strainers for drains; Mill Castings, &c. &c All other Castings that may be ordered from their own patterns, which will be received by the subscribers, and attended to with despatch.

N. B. They would also inform Master Masons and the public in general, that they have a new patent Oven Door, which they would invite them to call and see for themselves; together with a general assortment of Cast Iron Stoves; Copper, Sheet Iron and Tin Ware, at wholesale and retail. HURLBERT, LEAVITT & CO.
june 21 3m

A Card.

HENRY DAVIS, at the Academy of Music, 23 and 29, Joy's Building, respectfully offers his services to the public, as a Tuner and Repairer of Piano Fortes.

Having been engaged for more than six years in the most extensive Piano Forte Manufactory in this city, and devoted much time and attention to the study of his profession, he trusts he shall give entire satisfaction to all who may please to favor him with their patronage.

For the convenience of his friends at the south part of the city, a slate for orders will be kept at the store of Mr William Brown, corner of Eliot and Washington streets Old Piano Fortes entrusted to his care will be faithfully repaired and kept in good order.

We, the undersigned, certify that Mr Henry Davis has been in our employ for six years past, and that he is qualified to tune and repair Pianos

Boston, Jan 15, 1834. *J. CHICKERING & CO.*
jan 18 tf

Boston Directory For 1834.

STIMPSON'S Boston Directory containing the names of the Inhabitants, their Occupations, Places of Business, Dwelling Houses and the City Registers, with the streets, Lanes and Wharves—The city Officers, Public Offices and Banks, and other useful information, with a Revised Plan of the City. For sale by the Publisher, 72 Washington street, and by the Bookseller generally. Price half bound $1,12 1-2—stitched $1.
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july 19 2m

JOSEPH BLUXOME,

TAILOR AND WOOLLEN DRAPER at the Old Stand, No 3, Brattle street, has recently received a choice assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, to which he respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public to decide on such additions as their wardrobe may require for the season.

J. B. takes this opportunity of making his acknowledgements for the liberal patronage with which he has been favored, and trusts to merit a continuance of the same, by using every necessary exertion to give satisfaction. The establishment is stocked with a general assortment of fashionable Ready Made Clothing, to which the requisite seasonable additions are constantly making, and which will be sold cheap, for cash.

JOSEPH BLUXOME.
ap 12 6m No 3 Brattle street.

G. & J. L. THOMPSON,

No 28, Long wharf,

OFFER for sale, the cargo of brig Planet, from Surinam, viz. 223 hhds, 31 tierces, 18 bbls Molasses, of prime quality.

Also, in Store, a large assortment of Pepper, Coffee, Meal and Gunny Bags—German Hessians and Brown Rolls—New York Sole Leather. june 21

London Suspenders.

ONE case of Rich London and India Rubber SUSPENDERS, for sale by the dozen or single pair at KIMBALL'S *Gentlemen's Furnishing Establishment* Washington street. may 3

New England Stained Glass MANUFACTORY.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has fitted up an establishment in Harlem Place, No 347, Washington street, for the purpose of Staining Glass in the Ancient Style, an art supposed to have been lost for many centuries.

This most superior style of Painting, superior both for elegance of coloring and durability, (as nothing can injure the effect produced but what will destroy the glass itself,) has been recently revived in Europe and brought to this country by Mr John L. Race, an Artist of the highest standing in his profession.

The subscriber having been instructed by the above named artist, and he remaining with him as superintendent of the work, enables him to assure the public that whatever orders are entrusted to him will be executed with elegance, punctuality and despatch.

Orders may be left at the Factory, or with the subscriber, at No No 3, Cornhill, sign of the Faithful Servant, where every variety of Sign and Fancy Painting may be obtained at moderate prices, and first rate work.

Specimens may be seen at either of the places above named. WILLIAM REDDING.
Boston, March 27th, 1834.

Having instructed Mr William Redding in the Art of Staining Glass, according to the most approved methods, and the same as used by myself, I declare him fully competent to execute any work entrusted to him.

Boston, March 27th, 1834 JOHN L. RACE.

The above named J. L R. is the same Artist who has hitherto executed the Stained Glass Work, for the New England Flint Glass Company, at East Cambridge.
april 12

Dry Goods.

JUST received, and now opening, a prime fresh assortment of rich *DRY GOODS*, consisting in part of the following, viz:

2 cases fast col'd Fancy Prints,		6d
2 do do do		9d
2 do do do		1s
1 do col'd Gro de Nap Silk,		42c
1 do blk and blue blk do		37 1-2 to 50c
4 cartons splendid Sewing Silk Shawls,	7s 6d to 12s 6d.	
2 do do White Blonde Veils	10s 6d.	

Together with a great variety of Linens, Flannels, Cottons, Merino Shawls, &c. &c; for sale at the above low prices, by CALVIN HOSMER, No 73 Hanover, corner of Marshall street. june 21

Summer Stocks.

AN assortment of Black and White Hair *STOCKS*, with bows and plain. Also, a new article composed of bristle and silk, very cool for Summer wear, for sale at KIMBALL'S, 12 Washington street.
july 19

ENOS WILDER,

ENGINEER AND PLUMBER,

No 49 Chatham st. (4 doors from No 19, Merchants' Row,)

CONTINUES to manufacture Beer, Cider, Soda, and Mineral *WATER PUMPS*, with improvements, making them superior to any now in use, made of Metal, warranted not to corrode or injure the flavor of the Liquor, with or without Ice Boxes—at prices from 10 to $15. The subscriber is frequently exchanging his Pumps, and has on hand almost every other kind in use, and will sell those which cost 30 or $35, at from 6 to $10

HYDRAULIC and *COMMON PUMPS*, of every description, for hot or cold water, from the highest to the lowest prices. *LIQUOR PUMPS* of a new construction, and far superior to any heretofore manufactured. Small size, pure Tin Pipes.

ENGINE WORK, Hose Screws, Screw Cutting, and Brass Work of every description done in the best style at short notice. Also, Patterns for Brass Casting made to order. All orders will be executed with neatness and despatch, at the lowest Cash prices, by mail or otherwise.
mar 29

India Rubber Water Proof CLOTH WAREHOUSE.

52 Water Street--Merchants Hall, Boston.

THE Proprietor of the Boston and Lynn INDIA RUBBER FACTORY are now ready to contract and furnish any quantity of the *Coated India Rubber Cotton Cloth*, of a superior quality, adapted to many useful purposes. Such as Carriage, Gig and Wagon Tops, Side Curtains and Boots, being more flexible and durable than any painted Canvass; Covering for Gun Powder Casks, Hat and Hand-Boxes, Baggage Coverings for Stage Coaches, Hydrostatic Beds, Sick Bed Sheets Stomach Bags for Hot Water, Injection Bags, Air Beds, Pillows and Cushions, &c. &c.

MANUFACTURED ARTICLES

Kept constantly for sale; Outside Coats; Pantaloons; Caps with Capes; Large Circular Spanish Capes; Swimming Belts; Life Preservers; Air Cushions: Hot Water Cushions for the stomach or feet; Improved Pantaloon Straps.

Garments from the *INDIA RUBBEB CLOTH* are made up without sewing, which prevents all needleholes and have been proved by Pilots and seafaring men to be impervious to Air, or Water; always dry and ready to put on.

There will be a constant supply of these Goods from the Factory, of a quality surpassed by none.

Orders are solicited for any article manufactured from India Rubber Cloth

Samples can be examined as above.

☞ Address C. C. NICHOLS & CO.
august 9 tf

Elegant Broaches.

JUST received, a splendid assortment of very large size Agate, Jasper and Onyx Stone Broaches, very handsome and will be offered at a small advance, at 251 Washington street by BRUCE & CO, aug 9

Removal.

D. C. JOHNSTON, has removed from No